BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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Glastonbury Middletown Essex

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Montville, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Montville, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As disclosed in Note M to the financial statements, the Town implemented new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 17 and the schedules on the Town's pension plans and other postretirement benefit plan on pages 65 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules on pages 69 through 88, and the other supplementary information on pages 89 through 93 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2015, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malioney Sabol + Caypany, LLP
Glastonbury, Connecticut
December 29, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

The management of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town") offers the readers of its financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$128,328,187 (net position). Of this amount,
 \$20,082,281 represents unrestricted net position. Of this amount, \$8,666,101 represents unrestricted net
 position attributed to the operations of the Town's Sewer and Water Departments (business-type
 activities).
- The Town's total net position increased by \$4,334,513 during the current fiscal year, which consisted of a current year increase of \$3,898,484 relating to the Town's governmental activities and \$436,029 relating to the Town's business-type activities.
- The beginning net position of the Town was decreased by \$6,933,203, due to the current year implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB Statement No. 68 required the Town to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability relating to its long-term obligations for pension benefits in the government-wide financial statements (See Note M). This restatement consisted of a decrease of \$6,598,429 relating to the Town's governmental activities and \$334,774 relating to the Town's business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$11,335,026, a current year increase of \$820,457 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,756,538 or 14.2% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 1.7 months of General Fund operating expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and liabilities, with net position as the residual of these elements. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements are intended to distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include activities such as: general government, public works, public safety, health and welfare, recreation and leisure and education. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer and water activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Bonded Projects Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and water operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an internal service fund to account for its risk management activities. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 and 30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 64 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, and other supplementary information which can be found on pages 65 through 93 of this report, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Over time, net position may serve as one measure of a government's financial position. Total net position of the Town (governmental and business type activities combined) totaled \$128,328,187 and \$123,993,674 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and are summarized as follows. The Town has adjusted balances reported as of June 30, 2014 for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

June 30, 2015

Governmental Business-type

Activities

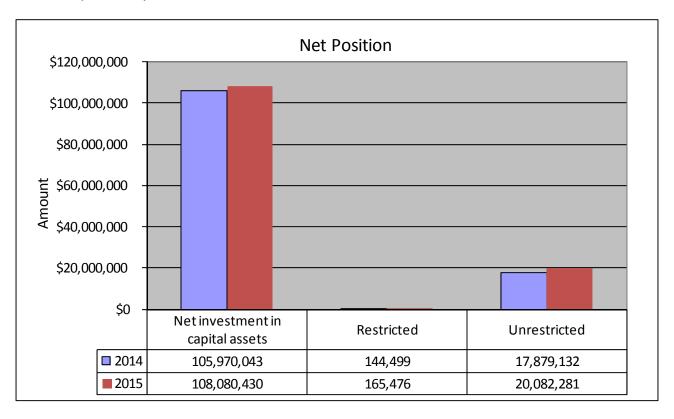
Total

Activities

Current and other assets	\$ 22,940,914	\$ 9,317,340	\$ 32,258,254
Capital assets	95,419,891	54,747,837	150,167,728
Total assets	118,360,805	64,065,177	182,425,982
Deferred outflows of resources	1,321,782	43,739	1,365,521
Other liabilities	3,303,954	273,427	3,577,381
Long-term liabilities	45,907,702	4,419,834	50,327,536
Total liabilities	49,211,656	4,693,261	53,904,917
			-
Deferred inflows of resources	1,481,756	76,643	1,558,399
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	57,407,519	50,672,911	108,080,430
Restricted	165,476	-	165,476
Unrestricted	11,416,180	8,666,101	20,082,281
Total net position	\$ 68,989,175	\$ 59,339,012	\$128,328,187
J	une 30, 2014		
	(Restated)		
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
	71001410103	7100111100	1000
Current and other assets	\$ 21,684,682	\$ 8,698,318	\$ 30,383,000
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 21,684,682 95,842,770	\$ 8,698,318 55,430,768	\$ 30,383,000 151,273,538
			\$ 30,383,000 151,273,538 181,656,538
Capital assets	95,842,770	55,430,768	151,273,538
Capital assets	95,842,770	55,430,768	151,273,538
Capital assets Total assets	95,842,770 117,527,452	55,430,768 64,129,086	151,273,538 181,656,538
Capital assets Total assets	95,842,770 117,527,452	55,430,768 64,129,086	151,273,538 181,656,538
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179 53,879,929	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711 5,274,042	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890 59,153,971
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179 53,879,929	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890 59,153,971 105,970,043
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179 53,879,929 54,945,001 144,499	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711 5,274,042 51,025,042	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890 59,153,971 105,970,043 144,499
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179 53,879,929 54,945,001 144,499 10,001,191	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711 5,274,042 51,025,042 - 7,877,941	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890 59,153,971 105,970,043 144,499 17,879,132
Capital assets Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted	95,842,770 117,527,452 1,443,168 2,999,750 50,880,179 53,879,929 54,945,001 144,499	55,430,768 64,129,086 47,939 419,331 4,854,711 5,274,042 51,025,042	151,273,538 181,656,538 1,491,107 3,419,081 55,734,890 59,153,971 105,970,043 144,499

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)



As of June 30, 2015, 84.2% of the Town's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Less than 1% of the Town's net position is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and are therefore presented as restricted net position.

The remainder of the Town's net position is considered unrestricted.

Overall, net position increased by \$4,334,513 in comparison with the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

Changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows. The amounts presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 have not been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 since the effects of these adjustments are not readily determinable.

Town of Montville, Connecticut Changes in Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Go	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,209,450	\$ 7,094,211	\$ 10,303,661
Operating grants and contributions		20,922,012	75,332	20,997,344
Capital grants and contributions		1,224,132	-	1,224,132
General revenues:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		37,443,964	-	37,443,964
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		4,011,840	-	4,011,840
Income from investments		44,740	 14,626	59,366
Total revenues		66,856,138	7,184,169	74,040,307
Expenses				
General government		6,623,590	-	6,623,590
Public safety		4,439,283	-	4,439,283
Public works		4,676,291	-	4,676,291
Health and welfare		219,390	-	219,390
Recreation and leisure		354,955	-	354,955
Education		45,390,713	-	45,390,713
Interest on long-term debt		1,263,432	-	1,263,432
Sewer department		-	5,293,429	5,293,429
Water department		-	 1,444,711	1,444,711
Total expenses		62,967,654	6,738,140	69,705,794
Change in net position before transfers		3,888,484	446,029	4,334,513
Transfers		10,000	(10,000)	
Change in net position	\$	3,898,484	\$ 436,029	\$ 4,334,513

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

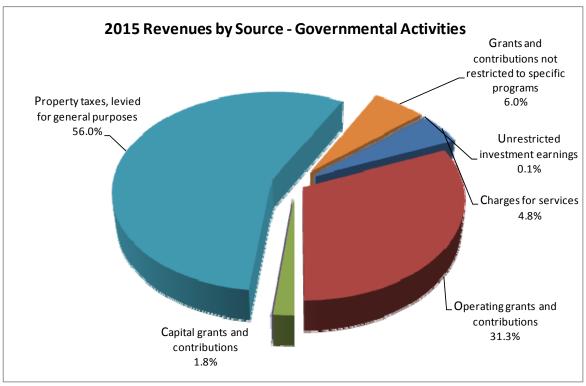
Change in Net Position (Continued)

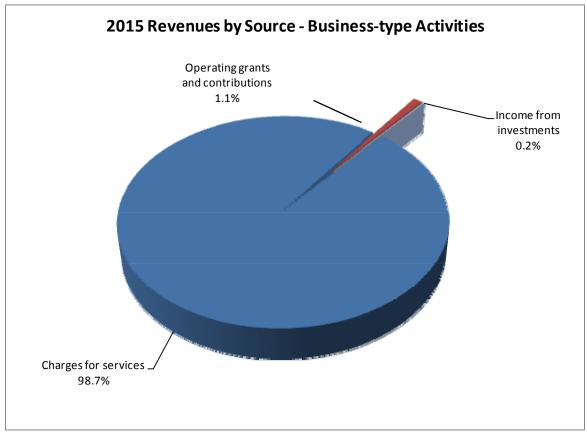
Town of Montville, Connecticut Changes in Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Go	overnmental	Bu	siness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	3,248,789	\$	6,994,126	\$	10,242,915
Operating grants and contributions		20,991,727		278,554		21,270,281
Capital grants and contributions		607,972		-		607,972
General revenues:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		36,216,767		-		36,216,767
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		3,594,710		-		3,594,710
Income from investments		31,875		9,323		41,198
Total revenues		64,691,840		7,282,003		71,973,843
Expenses						
General government		6,177,593		-		6,177,593
Public safety		4,210,518		-		4,210,518
Public works		3,317,800		-		3,317,800
Health and welfare		210,900		-		210,900
Recreation and leisure		331,132		-		331,132
Education		45,166,374		-		45,166,374
Interest on long-term debt		1,440,069		-		1,440,069
Sewer department		-		4,822,726		4,822,726
Water department		-		1,427,255		1,427,255
Total expenses		60,854,386		6,249,981		67,104,367
Change in net position before transfers		3,837,454		1,032,022		4,869,476
Transfers		45,519		(45,519)		<u>-</u> _
Change in net position	\$	3,882,973	\$	986,503	\$	4,869,476

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

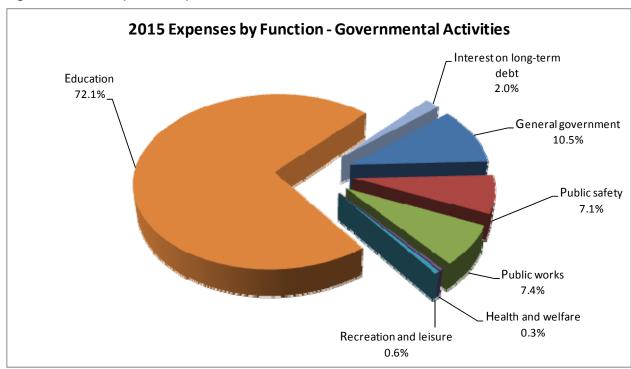


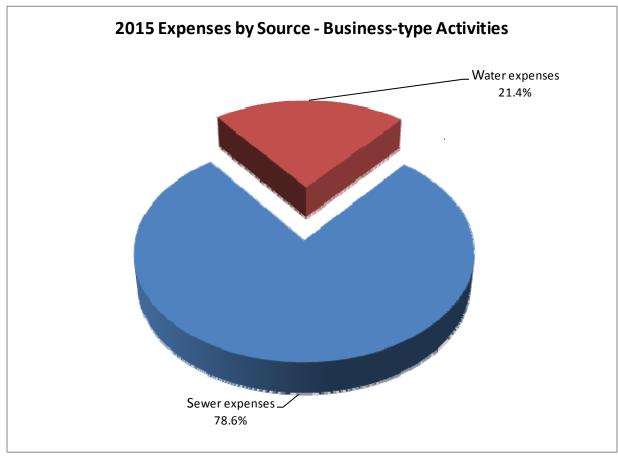


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Change in Net Position (Continued)





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by a current year change of \$3,898,494. This increase is mainly attributable to the current year fund activity, less the capital asset and debt activity for the current year.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by a current year change of \$436,029. The current year increase was caused by the excess of revenues over operating expenditures.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$11,335,026.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,756,538. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14.2% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Expressed another way, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was sufficient to cover 1.7 months of General Fund operating expenditures and transfers out.

The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$688,587 during the current fiscal year, which was primarily due an increase in property tax receipts in the current year.

Bonded Projects Fund

The fund balance of the Bonded Projects Fund did not change during the current fiscal year. This was primarily due to the lack of receipt of school construction grant funding from the Department of Education in the current year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The actual net change in fund balance of the General Fund on a budgetary basis was an increase of \$299,180. Expenditures were \$870,300 less than budgeted, and total budgetary revenues were \$234,237 less than expected due primarily to an unfavorable variance in the Millstone reimbursement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town Council approved additional appropriations of \$350,457 from fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2015 totaled \$150,167,728 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, distribution and collection systems, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$1,105,810 or 0.7%. This decrease consisted primarily of capital asset additions of approximately \$2.7 million, offset by depreciation expense of approximately \$3.8 million. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Outlays for Raymond Hill and Lynch Hill drainage totaling \$118,427
- Outlays for Camp Oakdale Restrooms totaling \$119,865
- Outlays for Montville Road Bridge totaling \$354,144
- Outlays for Chesterfield Sidewalks totaling \$227,224
- Road improvements totaling \$242,846
- Outlays for WPCA Headworks construction project totaling \$625,109
- Outlays for WPCA Pump Station upgrades totaling \$166,958
- Outlays for Board of Education computers in the amount of \$183,772

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The following are tables of the investment in capital assets presented for both governmental and business-type activities:

Town of Montville, Connecticut Capital Assets, Net June 30, 2015

	Go	vernmental	Business-type		
		Activities	Activities		Total
Land	\$	1,796,918	\$ 1,127,031	\$	2,923,949
Construction in progress		1,277,695	1,500,360		2,778,055
Land improvements		236,762	-		236,762
Buildings and improvements		76,454,966	13,043,773		89,498,739
Infrastructure		4,032,305	-		4,032,305
Machinery and equipment		11,621,245	5,316,780		16,938,025
Distribution and collection systems		=	33,759,893		33,759,893
Totals	\$	95,419,891	\$54,747,837	\$1	150,167,728

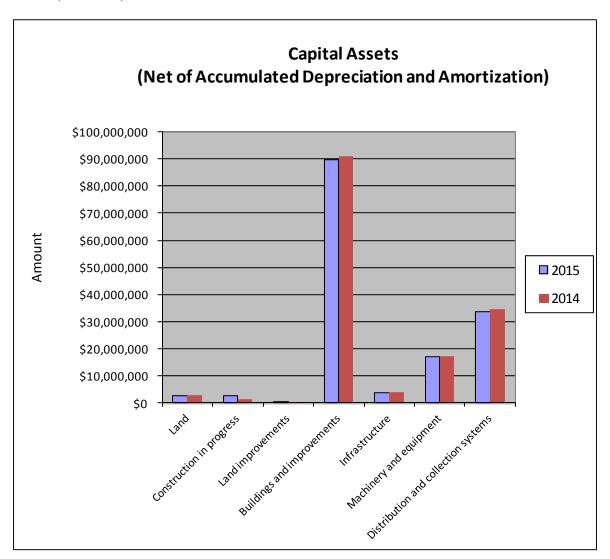
Town of Montville, Connecticut Capital Assets, Net June 30, 2014

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 1,784,108	\$ 1,127,031	\$ 2,911,139
Construction in progress	310,290	1,052,936	1,363,226
Land improvements	254,189	-	254,189
Buildings and improvements	77,716,161	13,137,741	90,853,902
Infrastructure	4,150,191	-	4,150,191
Machinery and equipment	11,627,831	5,583,124	17,210,955
Distribution and collection systems		34,529,936	34,529,936
Totals	\$ 95,842,770	\$55,430,768	\$151,273,538

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)



Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note D of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$40,413,480. This entire amount is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. The Town's total debt decreased by \$2,972,285 or 7.4% during the current fiscal year primarily due to scheduled principal payments.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue to seven times its annual receipts from taxation, as defined by the statutes. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$256,988,767, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

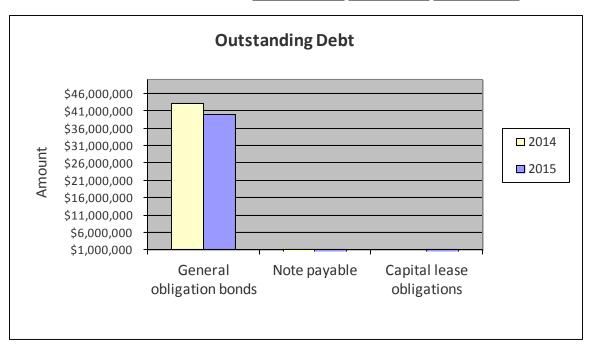
The following are tables of long-term bonded debt:

Town of Montville, Connecticut Long-term Debt June 30, 2015

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
General obligation bonds	\$ 37,631,200	\$ 2,263,800	\$39,895,000
Note payable	-	245,631	245,631
Capital lease obligations	137,829	135,020	272,849
Totals	\$ 37,769,029	\$ 2,644,451	\$40,413,480

Town of Montville, Connecticut Long-term Debt June 30, 2014

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
General obligation bonds	\$ 40,650,200	\$ 2,534,800	\$43,185,000
Capital lease obligations		200,765	200,765
Totals	\$ 40,650,200	\$ 2,735,565	\$43,385,765



Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note H of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) (Continued)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

A summary of key economic factors affecting the Town are as follows:

- The unemployment rate for the Town is currently 6.0% compared to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.4% and the national unemployment rate of 5.5%.
- Unassigned fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$8,753,054 at June 30, 2015.
- Significant estimates affecting next year's budget that are subject to change in the near term consist of the following:
 - For purposes of calculating property tax revenues for fiscal year 2016, the assessor's grand list was
 used along with an estimated tax rate, and an estimated rate of collection, with deductions for taxes
 to be paid by the State on behalf of certain taxpayers.
 - o Intergovernmental grants were based on estimates from the State.
 - o It is unknown how changes in market interest rates will impact real estate activity and related revenues collected by the Town Clerk and the amount of conveyance taxes and interest income.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal year 2016.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town of Montville, 310 Norwich-New London Tpke., Uncasville, Connecticut 06382.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

		Primary G		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables: Property taxes, net Interest on property taxes, net Assessments and user charges receivable, net Connection fees Intergovernmental Other Internal balances Inventories Noncurrent assets: Receivables: Connection fees Other Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net	G	overnmental	usiness-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,571,362	\$ 6,460,081	\$ 25,031,443
Investments		-	605,778	605,778
Receivables:				
Property taxes, net		2,017,193	-	2,017,193
Interest on property taxes, net		717,236	-	717,236
		65,689	1,392,584	1,458,273
		-	218,261	218,261
_		1,310,400	-	1,310,400
		151,092	50,623	201,715
		(15,315)	15,315	-
		123,439	-	123,439
		-	436,539	436,539
		-	138,159	138,159
		2.074.642	2 627 224	F 702 004
		3,074,613	2,627,391	5,702,004
		92,345,278	 52,120,446	 144,465,724
l otal assets		118,360,987	 64,065,177	 182,426,164
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
		1,321,782	43,739	1,365,521
LIABILITIES				
		1,382,106	233,550	1,615,656
		, ,	,	,,
Salaries and benefits payable		361,038	5,829	366,867
		506,169	34,048	540,217
Claims payable		511,004	-	511,004
Unearned revenue		543,819	-	543,819
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		3,418,505	616,499	4,035,004
Due in more than one year		42,489,197	3,803,335	 46,292,532
Total liabilities		49,211,838	 4,693,261	 53,905,099
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension benefit		1,481,756	 76,643	 1,558,399
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		57,407,519	50,672,911	108,080,430
Restricted for:		•	-	
Grant program purposes		60,213	-	60,213
Other purposes		105,263	-	105,263
Unrestricted		11,416,180	 8,666,101	 20,082,281
Total net position	\$	68,989,175	\$ 59,339,012	\$ 128,328,187

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total	
Primary Government:		_				_		_							
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	6,623,590	\$	814,611	\$	835,762	\$	-	\$	(4,973,217)	\$	-	\$	(4,973,217)	
Public safety		4,439,283		437,881		65,655		31,685		(3,904,062)		-		(3,904,062)	
Public works		4,676,291		634,958		7,721		1,192,447		(2,841,165)		-		(2,841,165)	
Health and welfare		219,390		-		-		-		(219,390)		-		(219,390)	
Recreation and leisure		354,955		175,335		42,971		-		(136,649)		-		(136,649)	
Education		45,390,713		1,146,665		19,969,903		-		(24,274,145)		-		(24,274,145)	
Interest on long-term debt		1,263,432		-		-		-		(1,263,432)		-		(1,263,432)	
Total governmental activities	<u></u>	62,967,654		3,209,450		20,922,012		1,224,132		(37,612,060)		-		(37,612,060)	
Business-type activities:															
Sewer department		5,293,429		5,709,429		75,332		-		-		491,332		491,332	
Water department		1,444,711		1,384,782		-		-		-		(59,929)		(59,929)	
	•	6,738,140		7,094,211		75,332		-		-		431,403		431,403	
Total primary government	\$	69,705,794	\$	10,303,661	\$	20,997,344	\$	1,224,132		(37,612,060)		431,403		(37,180,657)	
	Gene	eral revenues:													
	Pr	operty taxes, lev	ied fo	r general purpo	ses					37,443,964		-		37,443,964	
	Gr	rants and contrib	outions	not restricted	to spe	ecific programs				4,011,840		-		4,011,840	
	In	come from inves	stment	:S						44,740		14,626		59,366	
		Total general re	venue	S						41,500,544		14,626		41,515,170	
	Trans	sfers								10,000		(10,000)		-	
		Total general re	venue	s and transfers						41,510,544		4,626		41,515,170	
			Chai	nge in net positi	on					3,898,484		436,029		4,334,513	
			Net	position - begin	ning,	as originally rep	orted			71,689,120		59,237,757		130,926,877	
			Adju	istment <i>(See No</i>	te M)					(6,598,429)		(334,774)		(6,933,203)	
				position - begin	-	as restated				65,090,691		58,902,983		123,993,674	
			Net	position - endin	g				\$	68,989,175	\$	59,339,012	\$	128,328,187	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund			Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	Ś	12 770 407	\$		Ś	293,044	\$	12.071.541	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	Ş	12,778,497	Ş	-	Ş	293,044	Ş	13,071,541	
		2,017,193						2,017,193	
Property taxes, net Interest on property taxes, net		717,236		-		-		717,236	
Assessments and interest		65,689		-		-		65,689	
		05,089		1 162 251		147140		•	
Intergovernmental		146 107		1,163,251		147,149		1,310,400	
Other		146,107		-		4,985		151,092	
Due from other funds		971,201		-		2,134,890		3,106,091	
Inventories		90,287	\$	1,163,251	Ś	33,152	\$	123,439	
Total assets	<u> </u>	16,786,210	Ş	1,103,251	Ş	2,613,220	Ş	20,562,681	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	1,117,784	\$	-	\$	264,322	\$	1,382,106	
Accrued liabilities:									
Salaries and benefits payable		350,557		-		10,481		361,038	
Due to other funds		2,150,205		966,201		5,000		3,121,406	
Unearned revenue		250		_		543,569		543,819	
Total liabilities	_	3,618,796		966,201		823,372		5,408,369	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes and interest		2,590,346		-		-		2,590,346	
Unavailable revenue - assessments and interest		65,689		-		-		65,689	
Unavailable revenue - school construction grant		-		1,163,251		-		1,163,251	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,656,035		1,163,251		-		3,819,286	
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		90,287		-		33,152		123,439	
Restricted		90,867		-		74,609		165,476	
Committed		142,396		-		1,702,744		1,845,140	
Assigned		1,431,291		-		-		1,431,291	
Unassigned		8,756,538		(966,201)		(20,657)		7,769,680	
Total fund balances		10,511,379		(966,201)		1,789,848		11,335,026	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances		16,786,210				2,613,220		20,562,681	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balance for governmental funds		\$ 11,335,026
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land Construction in progress Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,796,918 1,277,695 975,678 93,637,071 12,207,073 19,146,535 (33,621,079)	95,419,891
Some of the Town's taxes, assessments, interest and long-term grant receivable will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		3,819,286
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position.		
Accrued interest payable Long-term debt:	(506,169)	
Bonds and note payable, net Deferred charge on refunding Other long-term liabilities:	(39,196,325) 1,321,782	
Capital lease obligations Landfill closure Early retirement incentive Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Total long-term liabilities	 (137,829) (171,000) (118,037) (1,491,773) (4,751,059) (41,679)	(45,092,089)
Deferred inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are reported in the statements of net position.		(1,481,756)
An internal service fund is used by the Town to charge the cost of risk management activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of		
the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		 4,988,817
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 68,989,175

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	 General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 36,712,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$	36,712,292
Assessments	26,697	-	-		26,697
Intergovernmental	17,818,892	-	2,961,155		20,780,047
State on-behalf payments	4,696,866	-	-		4,696,866
Charges for services	2,536,507	-	596,097		3,132,604
Donations	135,432	-	21,137		156,569
Investment income	41,998		10		42,008
Total revenues	61,968,684	 -	3,578,399		65,547,083
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	6,155,997	-	243,500		6,399,497
Public safety	3,819,285	-	2,204		3,821,489
Public works	3,705,462	-	528,533		4,233,995
Health and welfare	218,683	-	-		218,683
Recreation and leisure	263,079	-	49,789		312,868
Miscellaneous	65,125	-	-		65,125
State on-behalf payments	4,696,866	-	-		4,696,866
Education	36,811,020	-	2,226,911		39,037,931
Debt service:					
Principal payments	3,019,000	-	-		3,019,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,322,488	-	-		1,322,488
Capital outlays	1,001,508	_	790,948		1,792,456
Total expenditures	61,078,513	-	3,841,885	_	64,920,398
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	890,171	-	(263,486)		626,685
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital lease financing	183,772	-	-		183,772
Transfers in	10,000	-	395,356		405,356
Transfers out	(395,356)	-	-		(395,356)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(201,584)	-	395,356		193,772
Net change in fund balances	688,587	-	131,870		820,457
Fund balances - beginning	 9,822,792	 (966,201)	 1,657,978		10,514,569
Fund balances - ending	\$ 10,511,379	\$ (966,201)	\$ 1,789,848	\$	11,335,026

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 820,457

Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation and amortization expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period is as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 1,762,393
Depreciation and amortization expense	(2,185,272)
Net adjustment	(422,879)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations is as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:

Capital lease obligations	(183,772)
Principal repayments:	
Bonds and note payable	3,019,000
Capital lease obligations	45,943
Net adjustment	

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The net effect of such items is as follows:

Accrued interest	54,830
Deferred charge on refunding	(121,386)
Unamortized bond premium	125,612
Landfill postclosure	19,000
Early retirement incentive	(42,874)
Compensated absences	153,997
Net pension liability	1,847,370
Net OPEB obligation	(11,799)

2,024,750

2,881,171

(Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Deferred inflows of resources resulting from changes in the components of the net pension liability are amortized as a component of pension expense in the statement of activities.	\$ (1,481,756)
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current	
financial resources and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of revenue in	
governmental funds. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenues.	696,078
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	
activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of a certain internal	
service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 (619,337)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,898,484

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	B. dastad			Variance With	
	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)	
REVENUES	Original	rillai	Actual	Over (Orider)	
Property taxes	\$ 37,127,712	\$ 37,127,712	\$ 36,712,292	\$ (415,420)	
Intergovernmental	17,679,119	17,679,119	17,743,417	64,298	
Charges for services	2,509,290	2,509,290	2,587,480	78,190	
Use of town money	30,000	30,000	68,695	38,695	
Total revenues	57,346,121	57,346,121	57,111,884	(234,237)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	6,566,442	6,418,442	6,139,499	(278,943)	
Public safety	3,821,607	3,838,607	3,824,396	(14,211)	
Public works	3,626,226	3,796,226	3,723,614	(72,612)	
Health and welfare	181,266	181,266	179,974	(1,292)	
Social services	33,145	33,145	32,398	(747)	
Recreation and leisure	263,565	268,565	264,267	(4,298)	
Miscellaneous	65,300	65,300	65,125	(175)	
Education	37,200,441	37,200,441	36,963,485	(236,956)	
Capital outlay	1,182,642	1,376,142	1,116,575	(259,567)	
Debt service:					
Principal payments	3,092,998	3,020,498	3,019,000	(1,498)	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,322,489	1,322,489	1,322,488	(1)	
Total expenditures	57,356,121	57,521,121	56,650,821	(870,300)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(10,000)	(175,000)	461,063	636,063	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	
Continued appropriations - education	-	(185,457)	(185,457)	-	
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances	-	-	13,574	13,574	
Appropriation of fund balance		350,457		(350,457)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,000	175,000	(161,883)	(336,883)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 299,180	\$ 299,180	
Fund balance - beginning			8,682,745		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 8,981,925		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		Rusinoss typo Activitie	ns.	Governmental Activities
******	Sewer Department	Business-type Activition Water Department	Total Business-type Activities	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS Current assets:				
Current assets:	¢	ć 021.240	¢ 6.460.001	ć F 400 931
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,638,833	\$ 821,248	\$ 6,460,081	\$ 5,499,821
Investments	605,778	-	605,778	-
Receivables:	4 225 047	166.667	4 202 504	
User charges, net	1,225,917	166,667	1,392,584	-
Connection fees	-	218,261	218,261	-
Other	50,623	-	50,623	-
Due from other funds	15,315	1 205 175	15,315	
Total current assets	7,536,466	1,206,176	8,742,642	5,499,821
Noncurrent assets:				
Receivables:				
Connection fees	-	436,539	436,539	-
Other	138,159	-	138,159	-
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable	2,587,091	40,300	2,627,391	-
Depreciable, net	40,766,259	11,354,187	52,120,446	
Total noncurrent assets	43,491,509	11,831,026	55,322,535	
Total assets	51,027,975	13,037,202	64,065,177	5,499,821
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge on refunding	43,739		43,739	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	116,252	117,298	233,550	-
Accrued liabilities:				
Salaries and benefits payable	5,829	-	5,829	-
Accrued interest	34,048	-	34,048	-
Claims payable	-	-	-	511,004
Total current liabilities	156,129	117,298	273,427	511,004
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year	398,238	218,261	616,499	_
Due in more than one year	2,640,611	1,162,724	3,803,335	-
Total non-current liabilities	3,038,849	1,380,985	4,419,834	
Total liabilities	3,194,978	1,498,283	4,693,261	511,004
rotal labilities	3,13 1,370	1,130,203	1,033,201	311,001
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow on pension benefits	76,643		76,643	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	40,659,409	10,013,502	50,672,911	-
Unrestricted	7,140,684	1,525,417	8,666,101	4,988,817
J 252.76664	7,170,004	1,323,711	0,000,101	7,500,017

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	R	usine	ss-type Activitie	as,		vernmental Activities
	 Sewer Department		Water Department		Total usiness-type Activities	 Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services and premiums	\$ 5,709,429	\$	1,384,782	\$	7,094,211	\$ 6,382,406
Intergovernmental	 75,332				75,332	
Total operating revenues	 5,784,761		1,384,782		7,169,543	 6,382,406
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel services	662,298		50,944		713,242	-
Supplies and administration	1,183,011		917,523		2,100,534	-
Maintenance	627,071		92,393		719,464	-
Energy and transportation	858,776		59,760		918,536	-
Insurance and taxes	310,616		28,906		339,522	-
Claims incurred	-		-		-	6,147,029
Administration	-		-		-	857,446
Depreciation	 1,327,632		295,185		1,622,817	
Total operating expenses	4,969,404		1,444,711		6,414,115	 7,004,475
Operating income (loss)	815,357		(59,929)		755,428	(622,069)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE)						
Capitalization of prior year Clean Water Fund proceeds	(245,631)		-		(245,631)	-
Interest income	14,047		579		14,626	2,732
Interest expense	(78,394)		-		(78,394)	-
Total non-operating income (expense)	(309,978)		579		(309,399)	2,732
Change in net position before transfers	505,379		(59,350)		446,029	(619,337)
Transfer out	(10,000)		_		(10,000)	_
Change in net position	495,379		(59,350)		436,029	(619,337)
Net position - beginning, as originally reported	47,639,488		11,598,269		59,237,757	5,725,086
Adjustments (See Note M)	 (334,774)				(334,774)	
Net position - beginning, as restated	47,304,714		11,598,269		58,902,983	5,608,154
Net position - ending	\$ 47,800,093	\$	11,538,919	\$	59,339,012	\$ 4,988,817

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Busines	s-type Activitie	• c		Go	overnmental Activities
		Sewer Water				Total siness-type	Internal Service	
	D	epartment	De	partment		Activities		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received for the following:								
Customers and users	\$	5,740,573	\$	1,365,718	\$	7,106,291	\$	6,382,406
Intergovernmental		75,332		-		75,332		-
Cash paid for the following:								
Personnel services		(682,301)		(48,583)		(730,884)		-
Supplies and administration		(1,322,735)		(888,766)		(2,211,501)		(857,446)
Maintenance		(627,071)		(92,393)		(719,464)		-
Energy and transportation		(858,776)		(59,760)		(918,536)		-
Insurance and taxes		(329,378)		(28,906)		(358,284)		-
Benefits and claims		-		-		-		(6,100,441)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,995,644		247,310		2,242,954		(575,481)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash transfers related to interfund activity		(10,000)		-		(10,000)		5,793,229
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(10,000)		-		(10,000)		5,793,229
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Purchases of capital assets		(955,200)		_		(955,200)		_
Payments collected on long-term receivables		59,692		218,261		277,953		_
Interest paid on capital debt		(105,512)		210,201		(105,512)		_
Principal paid on capital debt		(336,745)		(234,563)		(571,308)		_
Net cash used in capital and related financial activities		(1,337,765)		(16,302)		(1,354,067)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest income		11,028		579		11,607		2,732
Net cash provided by investing activities		11,028		579		11,607		2,732
Net cash provided by hivesting activities		11,020		373		11,007	-	2,732
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		658,907		231,587		890,494		5,220,480
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,979,926		589,661		5,569,587		279,341
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,638,833	\$	821,248	\$	6,460,081	\$	5,499,821
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO								
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$	815,357	\$	(59,929)	\$	755,428	\$	(622,069)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to				, , ,				, , ,
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		1,327,632		295,185		1,622,817		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Decrease (increase) in user charges receivable		31,144		(19,064)		12,080		_
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(139,724)		28,757		(110,967)		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(12,942)		-		(12,942)		-
Increase in compensated absences		(4,472)		-		(4,472)		-
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		(2,589)		2,361		(228)		_
Increase in net pension liability and deferred outflows		(18,762)		-		(18,762)		46,588
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,995,644	\$	247,310	\$	2,242,954	\$	(575,481)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	F Tro	Private Purpose ust Fund - School nolarships	 Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,648	\$ 444,927
Investments, at fair value:			
Certificates of deposit		125,348	32,657
Mutual funds		251,515	 -
Total assets		446,511	\$ 477,584
LIABILITIES			
Due to student groups		-	298,468
Due to others		-	179,116
Total liabilities		-	\$ 477,584
NET POSITION			
Held in trust for scholarship benefits	\$	446,511	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Fund - School Scholarships
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Private donations	\$ 16,707
Total contributions	16,707
Investment earnings: Interest Net increase in the fair	8,097
value of investments	2,313
Total investment earnings	10,410
Total additions	27,117
DEDUCTIONS Awards expense Total deductions	8,322 8,322
Change in net position	18,795
Net position - beginning	427,716
Net position - ending	\$ 446,511

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Montville, Connecticut was settled in 1786 and covers 43.9 square miles located in the Southeastern part of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Town Council/Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health, social services, recreation, planning and zoning, education and other miscellaneous programs.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Town Council and Town Meeting. The Town Council may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The Town Council is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, all organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations which by nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government would cause the financial statements to be incomplete or misleading if excluded. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no component units requiring inclusion in these financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town and include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements are intended to distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

Bonded Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to major capital asset construction and/or purchases.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Department - This fund is used to account for activities of the Town's Sewer department.

Water Department - This fund is used to account for activities of the Town's Water department.

In addition, the Town reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund (proprietary) - This fund accounts for activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Town utilizes an internal service fund to account for risk management activities.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - This fund type is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. There is no requirement that any portion of the resources be preserved as capital. The Town utilizes a private purpose trust fund to account for activities of the School Scholarships Private Purpose Trust Fund.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The Town utilizes these funds to account for assets of the student activities funds and the performance bonds fund. The student activities funds account for monies generated by student activities in the Town's school system. The performance bonds fund accounts for monies received to ensure that new home construction is performed per specifications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds consist of charges to customers for services relating to sewer and water usage. Operating expenses of the Town's enterprise funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service fund consist of charges for premiums. Operating expenses of the Town's internal service fund consist of claims incurred and administrative expenses. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Equity

Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices) except as described below.

The Town invests in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office. STIF operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, STIF qualifies as a 2a7-like pool and is reported at the net position value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method. STIF is subject to regulatory oversight even though it is not registered by the SEC.

Inventories

Inventories are reported at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method, except for USDA donated commodities, which are recorded at market value. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Property Taxes, Sewer Assessment and Usage Charges

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1. Real estate and personal property taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and January 1. Motor vehicle taxes are billed in July and are due in one installment, July 1, and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due. Liens are effective on the assessment date and are continued by filing before the end of the year following the due date. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the Town has established an allowance for uncollectible taxes and interest of \$201,000 and 122,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2015.

Upon completion of projects, water and sewer assessments are levied and assessed to the users each February. Usage charges are billed quarterly or monthly depending on the property type, beginning in January. Assessments and user charges are due and payable within thirty days and delinquent amounts are subject to interest at prevailing rates. Liens are filed on all properties until the assessment is paid in full. Based on historical collection experience and other factors, the WPCA has established an allowance for uncollectible sewer and water usage of \$284,000 and \$6,400, respectively, as of June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extend capital asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred net of interest earned on project specific debt during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and enterprise funds are included as part of the capitalized cost of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	35 - 50
Building improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50 - 65
Infrastructure	30 - 50
Land improvements	30 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20

Capital assets acquired under capital lease are amortized over the life of the lease term or estimated useful life of the asset, as applicable.

Unearned Revenue

In the government-wide and fund financial statements, this liability represents resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of deferred inflows. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and interest, and sewer assessments and usage charges. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The Town also recognizes deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position for deferred amounts on pension benefits resulting from changes in the components of the Town's net pension liability. This amount is deferred an amortized as a component of pension expense on a systematic and rational basis.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various union contracts, Town and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Town employees may not carry over any accumulated vacation time and may carry over a limited number of sick days to subsequent years. In the event of retirement, Town employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick days based on union contract. Board of Education employees may carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to the next fiscal year. When a Board of Education employee retires, limited accumulated unused sick leave is not paid but added to the credited service used to calculate pension benefits.

All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they have matured (i.e. due to resignation or retirement).

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance

The government-wide statement of net position presents the Town's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted net position – This component of net position consists of amounts restricted either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or through restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – This component of net position is the net amount of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The Town's governmental funds report the following fund balance categories:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town Council (the highest level of decision making authority of the Town) and cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same formal action.

Assigned – Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are not restricted or committed. Amounts may be constrained to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Council.

Unassigned – Residual classification for the General Fund or amounts necessary in other governmental funds to eliminate otherwise negative fund balance amounts in the other four categories.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

The Town does not have a formal policy over net position. In practice, the Town considers restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position and Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed; assigned; then unassigned. It is the Town's policy to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund between 8% and 12% of the Town's General Fund budget. Two-thirds vote of the entire Town Council is required to decrease total fund balance below 8%. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund as of June 30, 2015 represents 14.2% of the Town's final General Fund budget.

Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Interfund Services Provided and Used

Sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value are reported as revenues and expenditures, or expenses, in the applicable funds.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Reimbursements

Interfund reimbursements represent repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION AND DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the General Fund financial statements, in accordance with provision of its Town Charter.

- O By 100 days before the close of the fiscal year, the head of each department, office and agency submits to the Finance Director detailed estimates of expenditures and any revenues other than tax revenues expected to be collected. Expenditures are controlled at the department level.
- O The Mayor submits a Capital Improvement Program for the ensuing fiscal year and the immediate four subsequent years to the Town Council for changes from the prior year's program by 75 days before the close of the fiscal year. It is then submitted to the Planning and Zoning Commission for approval. The Town Council then adopts the Program. The Program details the project, cost estimates, methods of financing, time schedules, and the estimated annual cost of the facility operation.
- O By 75 days before the close of the fiscal year, the Mayor presents a budget message, estimates of revenues and expenditures and justifications to the Town Council.
- O By 60 days before the close of the fiscal year, the Town Council publishes the particulars of the budgets and holds one or more public hearings.
- The Town Council may add, increase, delete or decrease any programs or amounts except for those prohibited by law. The budget is returned to the Mayor, who approves it or vetoes one or more line items (except for the Board of Education budget). A veto may be overridden by a two-thirds vote of the entire Town Council.
- The Town Council adopts the final budget before 30 days of the close of the fiscal year.
- O If the Town Council fails to adopt a budget within the prescribed timeframe, the previous year's budget prevails on a month-to-month basis until the new budget is adopted.
- With written approval of a department head and the Director of Finance, transfers between line items within a department can be made. The Town Council may transfer unexpended balances between departments.
- O The Board of Education may transfer unexpended balances between accounts within its total line appropriation.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year by resolution of the Town Council. Additional appropriations from fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$350,457.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION AND DEFICIT FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

O Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year. Generally, all unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for Capital Projects Funds and certain Special Revenue Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

As described above, accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP basis"). A reconciliation of General Fund amounts presented on the budgetary basis to amounts presented on the GAAP basis is as follows for the year ended June 30, 2015:

		Other	Net Change
Total	Total	Financing Sources -	in
Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers, Net	Fund Balance
\$ 57,111,884	\$ 56,650,821	\$ (161,883)	\$ 299,180
4,696,866	4,696,866	-	-
-	(304,818)	(13,574)	291,244
159.934	69.067	_	90,867
,	,		,
-	178,161	185,457	7,296
-	(395,356)	(395,356)	-
;	183,772	183,772	
\$ 61,968,684	\$ 61,078,513	\$ (201,584)	\$ 688,587
	Revenues \$ 57,111,884 4,696,866 - 159,934 -	Revenues Expenditures \$ 57,111,884 \$ 56,650,821 4,696,866 4,696,866 - (304,818) 159,934 69,067 - 178,161 - (395,356) - 183,772	Total Revenues Expenditures Financing Sources - Transfers, Net \$ 57,111,884 \$ 56,650,821 \$ (161,883) 4,696,866 4,696,866 - - (304,818) (13,574) 159,934 69,067 - - 178,161 185,457 - (395,356) (395,356) - 183,772 183,772

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION AND DEFICIT FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds have deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2015, which do not constitute a violation of statutory provisions:

Fund	Amount	Amount		
Bonded Projects Fund	\$ (996,20	1)		
Bridges Fund	(20,65	7)		

The deficits are expected to be eliminated through future revenue sources and bonding.

NOTE C - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of the Town's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,031,443
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	514,575
	25,546,018
Add: certificates of deposit classified as investments	763,783
Less: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	(2,704,566)
	\$ 23,605,235

<u>Cash Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, \$23,282,874 of the Town's bank balance of \$24,786,032 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 20,954,587
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging	
bank's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name	2,328,287
	\$ 23,282,874

All of the Town's deposits were in qualified public institutions as defined by Connecticut state statute. Under this statute, any bank holding public deposits must at all times maintain, segregated from its other assets, eligible collateral in an amount equal to a certain percentage of its public deposits. The applicable percentage is determined based on the bank's risk-based capital ratio. The amount of public deposits is determined based on either the public deposits reported on the most recent quarterly call report, or the average of the public deposits reported on the four most recent quarterly call reports, whichever is greater. The collateral is kept in the custody of the trust department of either the pledging bank or another bank in the name of the pledging bank.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE C - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

A reconciliation of the Town's investments as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Investments	\$ 605,778
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Investments	 409,520
	1,015,298
Add: cash equivalents considered investments	
for disclosure purposes	2,704,566
Less: certificates of deposit classified as investments	(763,783)
	\$ 2,956,081

As of June 30, 2015, the Town's investments consist of the following:

			nvestment Maturities (In Years)
	Fair		Less
Investment type	 Value		Than 1
Debt Securities:			
Pooled fixed income accounts	\$ 2,695,022	\$	2,695,022
Money market mutual funds	 9,544		9,544
	2,704,566	\$	2,704,566
Other investments:			
Mutual funds	 251,515		
	\$ 2,956,081		

Because the money market and fixed income mutual funds have weighted average maturities of less than 90 days, they are presented as investments with maturities of less than one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE C - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits Town investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, its practice is to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices beyond those limited by Connecticut state statutes. Connecticut state statutes permit the Town to invest in obligations of the United States, including its instrumentalities and agencies; in obligations of any state or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top two rating categories of any recognized rating service; or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or of any political subdivision thereof, provided such obligations are rated within one of the top three rating categories of any recognized rating service.

The Town's investments in pooled fixed income accounts, whose ratings are required to be disclosed, were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2015, as they are held by a trustee in the Town's name.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the Town's investments are in pooled fixed income accounts. Investments in this type of account are considered diversified by nature.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,784,108	\$ 12,810	\$ -	\$ 1,796,918
Construction in progress	310,290	967,405		1,277,695
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,094,398	980,215		3,074,613
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	975,678	-	-	975,678
Buildings and improvements	93,541,418	95,653	-	93,637,071
Machinery and equipment	11,763,394	443,679	-	12,207,073
Infrastructure	18,903,689	242,846		19,146,535
Total capital assets, being depreciated	125,184,179	782,178	_	125,966,357
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	n for:			
Land improvements	721,489	17,427	-	738,916
Buildings and improvements	15,825,257	1,356,848	-	17,182,105
Machinery and equipment	7,613,203	561,565	-	8,174,768
Infrastructure	7,275,858	249,432	-	7,525,290
Total accumulated depreciation and				
amortization	31,435,807	2,185,272		33,621,079
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	93,748,372	(1,403,094)	_	92,345,278
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 95,842,770	\$ (422,879)	\$ -	\$95,419,891

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 190,652
Public safety	230,369
Public works	380,317
Recreation and leisure	39,199
Education	1,344,735
Total depreciation and amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 2,185,272

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,127,031	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,127,031
Construction in progress	1,052,936	915,036	(467,612)	1,500,360
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,179,967	915,036	(467,612)	2,627,391
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	19,561,760	300,654	-	19,862,414
Distribution and collection systems	51,487,323	-	-	51,487,323
Machinery and equipment	12,885,297	191,808		13,077,105
Total capital assets, being depreciated	83,934,380	492,462		84,426,842
Less accumulated depreciation and amortizatio	n for:			
Buildings and improvements	6,424,019	394,622	-	6,818,641
Distribution and collection systems	16,957,387	770,043	-	17,727,430
Machinery and equipment	7,302,173	458,152	-	7,760,325
Total accumulated depreciation and				
amortization	30,683,579	1,622,817		32,306,396
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	53,250,801	(1,130,355)		52,120,446
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 55,430,768	\$ (215,319)	\$ (467,612)	\$54,747,837

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to programs of the Town as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Sewer department \$1,327,632

Water department 295,185

Total depreciation and amortization expense business-type activities \$1,622,817

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE E - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	Bonded Projects Fund	\$	966,201
	Nonmajor governmental funds		5,000
			971,201
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		2,134,890
		\$	3,106,091
Proprietary Funds:			
Sewer Department	General Fund	\$	15,315

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE F - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Governmental Funds		
General Fund	Sewer Department	\$ 10,000
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund	 395,356
Total transfers		\$ 405,356

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE G - FUND BALANCE

The various components of fund balance at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Ger	neral		Bonded Projects	lonmajor vernmental	
	Fu	ınd		Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	•		•			
Inventory	\$	90,287	\$	-	\$ 33,152	\$ 123,439
Restricted for:						
Grant program purposes		-		-	60,213	60,213
External - donations		12,008		-	14,396	26,404
Education		78,859		-	-	78,859
Committed to:						
Revaluation		100,000		-	-	100,000
Education carryover		7,296		-	-	7,296
Public Safety - severance		35,100		-	-	35,100
General government		-		-	251,984	251,984
Recreation		-		-	45,145	45,145
Cafeteria operations		-		-	271,197	271,197
Capital projects		-		-	1,137,902	1,137,902
Assigned to:						
General government		57,454		-	-	57,454
Public safety		6,811		-	-	6,811
Public works		29,944		-	-	29,944
Recreation and leisure		1,188		-	-	1,188
Education	1,	323,413		-	-	1,323,413
Capital outlays		12,481		-	-	12,481
Unassigned:	8,	753,054		(966,201)	(20,657)	7,766,196
	\$ 10,	507,895	\$	(966,201)	\$ 1,793,332	\$ 11,335,026

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015:

		Beginning						
		Balance						
	(as	restated per					Dι	ue Within
Governmental Activities		Note M)	Ir	creases	 Decreases	Ending		ne Year
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	40,650,200	\$	-	\$ (3,019,000)	\$ 37,631,200	\$	3,022,700
Unamortized premium		1,690,737		-	 (125,612)	 1,565,125		-
Total bonds payable		42,340,937		-	(3,144,612)	39,196,325		3,022,700
Other liabilities:								
Capital lease obligation		-		183,772	(45,943)	137,829		45,943
Landfill closure		190,000		-	(19,000)	171,000		19,000
Early retirement incentive		75,163		152,492	(109,618)	118,037		32,462
Compensated absences		1,645,770		35,119	(189,116)	1,491,773		298,400
Net pension liability		6,598,429		-	(1,847,370)	4,751,059		-
Net OPEB obligation		29,880		11,799	 -	41,679		-
	\$	50,880,179	\$	383,182	\$ (5,355,659)	\$ 45,907,702	\$:	3,418,505
Business-type Activities								
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	2,534,800	\$	-	\$ (271,000)	\$ 2,263,800	\$	297,300
Unamortized premium		102,552		-	 (9,323)	 93,229		-
Total bonds payable	<u>-</u>	2,637,352		-	 (280,323)	2,357,029		297,300
Other liabilities:								
Note payable		-		245,631	-	245,631		21,623
Capital lease obligation		200,765		-	(65,745)	135,020		66,915
Contract payable		1,615,548		-	(234,563)	1,380,985		218,261
Compensated absences		66,272		-	(4,472)	61,800		12,400
Net pension liability		334,774		-	 (95,405)	 239,369		-
	\$	4,854,711	\$	245,631	\$ (680,508)	\$ 4,419,834	\$	616,499

Long-term liabilities above typically have been liquidated by the General Fund for governmental activities and the Water and Sewer Departments for business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

A summary of general obligation bonds and note payable outstanding at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Date of	Original	Interest	Maturity	Amount
Purpose of Bonds	Issue	Issue	Rates	Date	Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General Obligation Bonds	2006	\$10,000,000	3.625% - 5.0%	2027	\$ 765,000
General Obligation Bonds	2007	6,300,000	3.7% - 4.5%	2028	3,150,000
General Obligation Bonds	2009	12,000,000	2.0% - 4.0%	2024	5,000,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2010	2,212,600	2.0% - 4.0%	2022	1,616,200
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2010	8,035,000	3.0% - 5.0%	2025	7,890,000
General Obligation Bonds	2012	10,625,000	2.125% - 5.0%	2033	10,185,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2013	9,195,000	1.0% - 4.0%	2027	9,025,000
					\$ 37,631,200
Business-type Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General Obligation Bonds	1999	\$ 1,350,000	6.60%	2019	\$ 280,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2010	1,042,400	2.0% - 4.0%	2019	543,800
General Obligation Bonds	2012	1,500,000	2.125% - 5.0%	2033	1,440,000
					\$ 2,263,800

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds and the note payable are as follows as of June 30, 2015:

Year ending	Governmental Activities						
June 30:		Principal	Interest			Total	
2016	\$	3,022,700	\$	1,219,385	\$	4,242,085	
2017		3,352,700		1,120,536		4,473,236	
2018		3,344,500		1,010,143		4,354,643	
2019		3,336,300		875,846		4,212,146	
2020		3,660,000		759,076		4,419,076	
2021-2025		15,350,000		2,004,234		17,354,234	
2026-2030		4,275,000		443,513		4,718,513	
2031-2033		1,290,000		58,050		1,348,050	
	\$	37,631,200	\$	7,490,783	\$	45,121,983	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Year ending	Business-type Activities						
June 30:		Principal		nterest		Total	
2016	\$	297,300	\$	81,041	\$	378,341	
2017		297,300		69,088		366,388	
2018		295,500		55,945		351,445	
2019		293,700		42,932		336,632	
2020		90,000		32,538		122,538	
2021-2025		430,000		112,144		542,144	
2026-2030		350,000		57,575		407,575	
2031-2033		210,000	9,450 219,			219,450	
	\$	2,263,800	\$	460,713	\$	2,724,513	

Refundings

At June 30, 2015, there is approximately \$6.8 million of bonds related to the 2013 general obligation bond issuance that are considered defeased but still outstanding. There is approximately \$4.2 million of bonds related to the 2010 general obligation bond issuance that are considered defeased but still outstanding.

Legal Debt Limit

Connecticut General Statutes Section 7-374(b) provides that debt of the Town shall not exceed seven times base receipts, as defined in the Statute, or \$256,988,767 as of June 30, 2015. Further, the Statute limits the amount of debt that may be authorized by the Town for general purposes, schools, sewers, urban renewal and pension deficit. The Town did not exceed any of the statutory debt limitations at June 30, 2015.

Authorized, Unissued Bonds

As of June 30, 2015, the Town had authorized but unissued bonds totaling \$4,600,500.

Note Payable

The State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection has provided Clean Water financing in the form of permanently financed serial notes to the Town dated January 30, 2015, in the initial amount of \$245,631. The note is payable in 240 monthly installments of \$1,231 and matures in July 2034. The note bears an interest rate of 2.0%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Note Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations are as follows as of June 30, 2015:

Year ending	Business-type Activities						
June 30:		Principal		Interest Tota		Total	
2016	\$	21,623	\$	6,657	\$	28,280	
2017		10,387		4,385		14,772	
2018		10,597		4,176		14,773	
2019		10,811		3,962		14,773	
2020		11,029		3,744		14,773	
2021-2025		58,576		15,287		73,863	
2026-2030		64,731		9,132		73,863	
2031-2035		57,877		2,444		60,321	
	\$	245,631	\$	49,787	\$	295,418	

Capital Lease Obligations

A summary of assets acquired through capital lease is as follows as of June 30, 2015:

		vernmental	Business-type Activities		
	Activ				
Machinery and equipment	\$	183,772	\$	334,678	
Less: accumulated amortization		45,943		80,880	
	\$	137,829	\$	253,798	

Governmental activities amortization expense relative to leased equipment under the capital lease totaled \$45,943 for the year ended June 30, 2015. Business-type activities amortization expense relative to leased equipment under the capital lease totaled \$48,807 for the year ended June 30, 2015. Both amounts are included in depreciation and amortization expense disclosed in Note D.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

Year ending	Gov	ernmental	Business-type		
June 30:		Activities		Activities	
2016	\$	45,943	\$	69,318	
2017		45,943		69,318	
2018		45,943		-	
Total minimum lease payments		137,829		138,636	
Less: amount representing interest		-		(3,616)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	137,829	\$	135,020	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Contract Payable

The Town has entered into a long-term contract with the Mohegan Tribal Utility Authority in connection with its portion of costs from a Regional Water Extension Project. Such amount payable totals \$1,380,985, of which \$713,240 is owed by the Town and \$667,745 is owed by other parties. The Town has recorded \$654,800 as a receivable in the Water Department as of June 30, 2015, as the Town is collecting the debt payments to be remitted per terms of the agreement. The maturity date of the entire contract is September 2018.

Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs

The Town landfill has been closed. State and Federal laws and regulations require that the Town perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. Estimated monitoring costs of \$19,000 per year for the next 9 years total \$171,000 at June 30, 2015. These amounts are based on estimates, which are subject to change due to inflation, technology or changes in applicable laws and regulations.

Early Retirement Incentive

The Board of Education provides early retirement incentive benefits to 4 former employees. Benefits are paid annually based on the retirement agreement for each employee. Benefits are payable through 2018. The amount paid from General Fund appropriations during the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$109,618.

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System

The Town participates in the Connecticut's Municipal Employees' Retirement System (CMERS). CMERS is the public pension plan offered by the State of Connecticut for municipal employees in participating municipalities. The plan was established in 1947 and is governed by Connecticut Statute Title 7, Chapter 113. Chapter 113, Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions.

Municipalities may designate which departments are to be covered under the CMERS. Only employees covered under the State Teachers' Retirement System may not be included. There are no minimum age or service requirements. Membership is mandatory for all regular full time employees of participating departments except Police and Fire hired after age 60.

The plan has 4 sub plans as follows:

- General employees with social security
- General employees without social security
- Policemen and firemen with social security
- Policemen and firemen without social security

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Plan Description

Plan administration - CMERS is a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Connecticut State Retirement Commission. The State Retirement Commission is responsible for the administration of the CMERS. The State Treasurer is responsible for investing CMERS funds for the exclusive benefit of CMERS members.

Plan membership - All full-time employees of the Town, except for certified Board of Education personnel who are eligible for the State Teachers' Retirement System, who are age 55 or younger at the date of hire, participate in the CMERS plan for general employees with social security. Police employees of the Town participate in the CMERS plan for police and firemen with social security.

Benefits provided - General employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service, or 25 years of aggregate service. Police are eligible at the compulsory retirement age for police and fire members are eligible at the age of 65.

For members not covered by social security, the benefit is 2% of average final compensation times years of service. For members covered by social security, the benefit is 1 % of the average final compensation not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average final compensation in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service.

The maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually. Both the minimum and the maximum include workers' compensation and social security benefits. If any member covered by social security retires before age 62, the benefit until age 62 is reached or a social security disability award is received, is computed as if the member is not under social security.

Employees are eligible for early retirement after 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. The benefit is calculated on the basis of average final compensation and service to date of termination. Deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits from being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in the service of the municipality provided such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to hypertension or heart disease, in the case of firemen and policemen, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Disability benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including workers' compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Employees are eligible for non-service-related disability benefits with 10 years of service and being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in gainful employment in the service of the municipality. Disability benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

The plan also offers a pre-retirement death benefit in the form of a lump sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Contributions - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town is required to contribute annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment which covers the liabilities of the system not met by member contributions. The current rate is 11.98% of the annual Town employees' covered payroll and 16.96% of the Police employees' covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to the CMERS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$872,911, \$900,893, and \$785,150, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

For employees not covered by social security, each person is required to contribute 5% of compensation. For employees covered by social security, each person is required to contribute 2.25% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5% of compensation, if any, in excess of such base.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of CMERS and additions and deletions from CMERS' net position are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Investment policy - The CMERS' policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. It is the policy of the State to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The State Treasurer is responsible for investing CMERS funds for the exclusive benefit of CMERS members.

Net Pension Liability

The total estimated net pension liability of the CMERS as of June 30, 2014 was \$238.116 million, the most recent available reporting provided by the Board. The portion that was associated with the Town totaled approximately \$4.990 million or approximately 2.096% of the total estimated net pension liability. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The portion of the net pension liability associated with the Town was based on the 2014 actuarial (expected) payroll amounts reported by participating employers. Expected payroll adjusts actual payroll for known changes in the status of employees, annualized salaries for partial year employees and anticipated salary increases.

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability was allocated to the Town's business-type activities, in the amount of \$239 thousand, based on the proportion of current year contribution made by the business-type activities to the CMERS plan. The remaining proportionate share of the net pension liability, in the amount of \$4,751 million, was allocated to the Town's governmental activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability for the CMERS was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.25% - 11.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Discount rate	8.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for annuitants and non-annuitants (set forward one year for males and set back one year for females).

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. Equities	16%	5.80%
Developed Non-U.S. Equities	14%	6.60%
Emerging Markets (Non-U.S.)	7%	8.30%
Core Fixed Income	8%	1.30%
Inflation Linked Bonds	5%	1.00%
Emerging Market Bonds	8%	3.70%
High Yield Bonds	14%	3.90%
Real Estate	7%	5.10%
Private Equity	10%	7.60%
Alternative Investment	8%	4.10%
Liquidity Fund	3%	0.40%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the CMERS' total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	1	% Decrease (7.00%)	 Discount (8.00%)	_	6 Increase (9.00%)
Town proportionate share of the net p	pension	_			
liability as of June 30, 2015	\$	10,158,849	\$ 4,990,428	\$	631,558

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the CMERS plan's fiduciary net position is included in the State of Connecticut's basic financial statements.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense related to the CMERS of \$935,667. At June 30, 2015, the Town reported its proportionate share of deferred inflows of resources related to the MERS from the following source:

		Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	1,481,756	\$	76,643			
Total	\$	1,481,756	\$	76,643			

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to the CMERS will be recognized as a component of pension expense in future years as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type
Year ended June 30,		Activities	A	ctivities
2016	\$	370,439	\$	19,161
2017		370,439		19,161
2018		370,439		19,161
2019		370,439		19,160
	\$	1,481,756	\$	76,643

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

The faculty and professional personnel of the Town's Board of Education participate in the Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes. The TRS is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board (the "Board") and is included as a fiduciary pension trust fund in the State of Connecticut's basic financial statements.

Plan benefits, cost-of-living allowances, required contributions of plan members and the State, and other plan provisions are described in Sections 10-183b to 10-183ss of the Connecticut General Statutes. The plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the State are established and may be amended by the State legislature. In accordance with Section 10-183z of the General Statues, the Town does not and is not legally responsible to contribute to the plan as a special funding situation exists that requires the State to contribute one hundred percent of employer's contributions on-behalf of its participating municipalities at an actuarially determined rate. Plan members are currently required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings to the plan. After five years of service, teachers are fully vested in their own contributions. After ten years of service, teachers are fully vested in the monthly pension benefit which is payable at the age of sixty. For the year ended June 30, 2015, plan members of the Town contributed \$1,330,167 to the plan and covered payroll for the year was \$18,347,131. The Town has recognized on-behalf payments of \$4,696,866 made by the State of Connecticut into the plan as intergovernmental revenues, and related expenditures of the General Fund in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of the governmental funds.

Administrative costs of the plan are funded by the State.

The total estimated net pension liability of the TRS as of June 30, 2014 was \$10.141 billion, the most recent available reporting provided by the Board. The portion that was associated with the Town totaled approximately \$48.086 million or approximately 0.474% of the total estimated net pension liability. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The portion of the net pension liability associated with the Town was based on a projection of the long-term share of contributions to the plan related to the Town relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The pension expense attributed to the Town totaled \$3,607,820 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases 3.75% - 7.0% (includes inflation)

Investment rate of return 8.5% (includes inflation)

Cost of living adjustments:

Retirements prior to 9/1/1992 3.0% Retirements on or after 9/1/1992 2.0%

For healthy retirees and beneficiaries, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected forward 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE I - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Expected Real
Rate of Return
5.80%
6.60%
8.30%
1.30%
1.00%
3.70%
3.90%
5.10%
7.60%
4.10%
0.40%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.50%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.50%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease (7.50%)	Discount (8.50%)	1% Increase (9.50%)	
Town proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$61.4 million	\$48.1 million	\$36.8 million	

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is included in the State of Connecticut's basic financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Town administers an Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (the "Plan"), which is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Plan provides healthcare insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Town's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members, as well as certain life insurance benefits. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the unions representing Town employees and are renegotiated each bargaining period. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town are established in the Plan document and may be amended through negotiations between the Town and the unions. The Town finances the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. Currently, the Town contributes the following for various classes of employees covered:

Board of Education Administrators: Administrators receiving benefits are required to contribute 50% of their premium costs. Administrators hired on or after July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 75% of their premium costs. Administrators are eligible for benefits upon retirement and 20 years of service regardless of age.

Board of Education Teachers: Teachers retiring under the Connecticut State Teachers Retirement system are eligible to receive health benefits for self and spouse. Normal retirement for teachers is the earlier of age 60 with 20 years of services, or completion of 35 years of service regardless of age. Individuals receiving benefits contribute 100% of their premium costs.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The Town's annual OPEB cost is primarily attributed to an implicit rate subsidy, whereby retirees are considered to be receiving a benefit from the Town for access to premium rates offered to the Town's active employees. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 112,267
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,195
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,401)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	112,061
Contributions made	100,262
Increase in net OPEB obligation	11,799
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 29,880
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 41,679

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years is as follows:

	Percentage of					
Year Ended	Year Ended Annua		Annual OPEB		Net OPEB	
June 30	01	PEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Ol	oligation	
2013	\$	104,777	88.0%	\$	12,552	
2014		107,924	83.9%		29,880	
2015		112,061	89.5%		41,679	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2014 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

			Actuarial					UAAL as a
Act	uarial		Accrued	(1	Unfunded)			Percentage of
Val	lue of	Lia	bility (AAL) -		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
As	sets	Entry	Age Actuarial		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
	(A)	Cost	t Method (B)		(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)
\$	-	\$	1,500,164	\$	(1,500,164)	0.0%	N/A	N/A

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the Town are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE J - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Town and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and the plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the Town and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Valuation date: July 1, 2014

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization method: Level Dollar Amount, Closed

Remaining amortization period: 24.58
Asset valuation method: N/A

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.5%
Interest rate 4.0%
Healthcare cost trend rate 8.0% initial 5.0% final

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God for which the Town carries commercial insurance. During 2015, deductibles paid by the Town were insignificant. Neither the Town nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Town's insurance coverage during the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in any insurance coverage from amounts in the prior year.

The Health Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, was established to account for and finance employee medical benefits claims for eligible full-time employees of both the Town and the Board of Education. The Town retains the risk of loss under the plan. A third party processes the claims filed under the self-insured health plan, for which the Town is charged an administrative fee. The Town has purchased a stop-loss policy for total claims in any one year exceeding an aggregate of 125% of expected claims and for individual claims exceeding \$150,000 for combined hospital and major medical.

The Town establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported at June 30, 2015. Claims liabilities are recorded in accordance with GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of possible loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount of the claims accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claims, which include past experience data, inflation and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claims accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A summary of claims activity for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2015 is as follows:

	Clair	ns Payable,	Claims and		Clair	ns Payable,
Year Ended	Be	ginning of	Changes in	Claims		End of
June 30		Year	Estimates	Paid		Year
2014	\$	405,240	\$ 5,949,711	\$ 5,890,535	\$	464,416
2015		464,416	6,147,029	6,100,441		511,004

The Town purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella. Coverage has not been materially reduced, nor have settled claims exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE L - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several lawsuits pending against the Town. The Town's management believes it has meritorious defenses against these lawsuits and estimates that potential claims against the Town, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2015, the Town has recorded \$1,431,291 in encumbrances. Such encumbrances have been included as part of the assigned fund balance designation.

NOTE M - IMPLEMENTATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Effective July 1, 2014, the Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of these statements did not have a material effect on the Town's financial statements.

Effective July 1, 2014, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - *An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, which replaced the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, and GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. GASB Statement No. 68 required the Town to recognize a net pension liability relating to its proportionate share of long-term obligations for pension benefits in the government-wide financial statements. In addition, the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 resulted in enhanced note disclosures and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE M - IMPLEMENTATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Town has reported the following cumulative effect of applying GASB Statement No. 68 as an adjustment of beginning net position as of July 1, 2014. The adjustment recorded does not include the beginning effects of any deferred inflows of resources.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		
Net position - beginning, as originally reported	\$	71,689,120	\$	59,237,757		
Adjustment to record net pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68		(6,598,429)		(334,774)		
Net position - beginning, as adjusted	\$	65,090,691	\$	58,902,983		

NOTE N - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements and provides guidance for a) determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and b) applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2015. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers and are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68. The requirements of this statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental non-employer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2016, and the requirements of this statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2015. The requirements of this statement for pension plans that are within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2015. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans and replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2016. The Town currently provides other post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees. The Town has not yet determined the impact that this statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE N - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. This statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans and replaces the requirements of GASB Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2017. The Town currently provides other post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees. The Town has not yet determined the impact that this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. This statement establishes the hierarchy of GAAP for state and local governments and supersedes GASB Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments and amends GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the Town's reporting period beginning July 1, 2015. The Town does not expect this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (Unaudited) CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2015

	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	2.0960%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,990,428
Town's covered payroll	\$ 10,187,832
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.48%
Notes to Schedule:	
Valuation Date	6/30/2014
Measurement Date	6/30/2014
Reporting Date	6/30/2015
Methods and assumptions used to	
determine contribution rates: Actuarial cost method	Entry Ago Normal
Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry Age Normal Level dollar, closed
Remaining amortization period	27 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market (20% write up
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Salary increases	4.25% - 11.00%, including inflation
Inflation	3.25%

Note: The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2015

		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	872,911
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		872,911
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1	0,187,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.57%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes None noted

Assumption Changes None noted

Note: The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB

Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (Unaudited) CONNECTICUT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2015

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.474%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the Town	48,086
Total	\$ 48,086
Town's covered payroll	\$ 18,347
Town's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.51%
Notes to Schedule:	
Valuation Date	6/30/2014
Measurement Date	6/30/2014
Reporting Date	6/30/2015
Methods and assumptions used to	
determine contribution rates:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percent of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	22.4 years
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed market
Investment rate of return	8.50%
Salary increases	3.75% - 7.00%, including inflation
Inflation	3.00%

The Town began to report this schedule when it implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015.

SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Unaudited)
JUNE 30, 2015

Other Post Employment Benefits Program

				Actuarial					UAAL as a				
	A	Actuarial		Accrued	ccrued Unfunded								
Actuarial	,	Value of	Lia	bility (AAL) -		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered				
Valuation		Assets	Entr	y Age normal		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll				
Date		(A)		(B)		(B-A)	(A/B)	(C)	((B-A)/C)				
July 1, 2008	\$	-	\$	924,746	\$	924,746	0.0%	N/A	N/A				
July 1, 2010		-		823,001		823,001	0.0%	N/A	N/A				
July 1, 2012		-		1,284,731		1,284,731	0.0%	N/A	N/A				
July 1, 2014		-		1,500,164		1,500,164		1,500,164		1,500,164	0.0%	N/A	N/A

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

				Variance With
	Budgeted A			Final Budget
2222777777	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PROPERTY TAXES	ć 26.752.742	¢ 26.752.742	¢ 26.242.742	ć /400.070\
Revenues from property taxes	\$ 36,752,712 55,000	\$ 36,752,712 55,000	\$ 36,343,742	\$ (408,970) 849
Telephone access Interest and lien fees	320,000	•	55,849 312,701	
Total property taxes	37,127,712	320,000 37,127,712	36,712,292	(7,299) (415,420)
rotal property taxes	37,127,712	37,127,712	30,712,232	(413,420)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
State grants for school aid:				
ECS grant	12,768,219	12,768,219	12,787,949	19,730
Transportation	243,698	243,698	321,014	77,316
Special education	300,000	300,000	214,318	(85,682)
Adult education	31,093	31,093	31,192	99
Total state grants for school aid	13,343,010	13,343,010	13,354,473	11,463
State grants unspecified:				
In lieu of taxes - State property	1,974,704	1,974,704	1,983,026	8,322
Emergency management program	9,000	9,000	-,,	(9,000)
Tax relief for elderly	119,130	119,130	108,060	(11,070)
Tax relief for disabled	3,000	3,000	3,276	276
Tax relief for veterans	9,590	9,590	9,464	(126)
Property tax relief	345,327	345,327	345,327	-
Other grants	40,000	40,000	162,220	122,220
CT Fines reimbursement	14,000	14,000	16,497	2,497
Elect restructuring grant	195,000	195,000	195,220	220
Pequot funds	1,061,891	1,061,891	1,068,665	6,774
Municipal revenue sharing	67,278	67,278	-	(67,278)
MRSA Municipal Projects	497,189	497,189	497,189	-
Total state grants unspecified	4,336,109	4,336,109	4,388,944	52,835
Total intergovernmental revenues	17,679,119	17,679,119	17,743,417	64,298
CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Licenses and permits:				
Conveyance tax	115,000	115,000	120,832	5,832
Town clerk fees	120,000	120,000	120,967	967
Dog licenses	5,000	5,000	5,587	587
Dog warden	1,500	1,500	1,836	336
Building department	150,000	150,000	245,504	95,504
Miscellaneous permits	15,000	15,000	11,140	(3,860)
Fire permits	60,000	60,000	86,327	26,327
Transfer station	174,000	174,000	162,239	(11,761)
Total licenses and permits	640,500	640,500	754,432	113,932
Revenue from other agencies:				
Planning and zoning and zoning				
board of appeals	6,000	6,000	4,945	(1,055)
Parks and recreations	80,000	80,000	102,017	22,017
Camp Oakdale rent	4,000	4,000	4,065	65
Fair oaks facility rental	1,000	1,000	1,965	965
Housing authority	29,490	29,490	29,727	237
Youth service program	42,800	42,800	47,358	4,558
Total revenue from other agencies	163,290	163,290	190,077	26,787
				(Continued)

				Variance With
	Budgeto	ed Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES (Continued)				
Charges for current services:				
Tuition regular	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 64,905	\$ (35,095)
Tuition special education	145,000	145,000	206,265	61,265
School miscellaneous revenue	2,000	2,000	4,475	2,475
Personal property audits	100,000	100,000	6,686	(93,314)
Public works department	500	500	718	218
Commercial tipping fees	350,000	350,000	418,284	68,284
Copy money	1,000	1,000	1,187	187
Total charges for current services	698,500	698,500	702,520	4,020
Miscellaneous:				
St. Bernard's health service	20,000	20,000	24,186	4,186
Police reimbursement	130,000	130,000	188,343	58,343
Insurance reimbursement	25,000	25,000	75,616	50,616
Millstone reimbursement	265,000	265,000	29,947	(235,053)
Fire marshal private duty	5,000	5,000	840	(4,160)
All other miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	86,519	56,519
Sale of assets	20,000	20,000	24,000	4,000
Mohegan contributions	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
WPCA rental	11,000	11,000	11,000	-
Engineering review reimbursement	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Total miscellaneous	1,007,000	1,007,000	940,451	(66,549)
Total charges for services	2,509,290	2,509,290	2,587,480	78,190
REVENUE FROM USE OF TOWN MONEY				
Investment interest	30,000	30,000	41,998	11,998
Sewer assessments	-	-	26,055	26,055
Water assessments	-	-	642	642
Total revenue from use of Town money	30,000	30,000	68,695	38,695
Total revenues	57,346,121	57,346,121	57,111,884	(234,237)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances	-	-	13,574	13,574
Appropriation of fund balance	-	350,457	-	(350,457)
Transfers in - WPCA Financial Services	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Total other financing sources	10,000	360,457	23,574	(336,883)
Total revenues and				
other financing sources	\$ 57,356,121	\$ 57,706,578	\$ 57,135,458	\$ (571,120)

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Variance Wit	
	0	riginal	AIIIO	Final	Actual		Over (Under	
CENEDAL COVEDNIMENT								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
Mayor:	\$	122 400	\$	122 000	\$	122.000	\$	/o\
Human services Contractual services	Ş	133,400 47,850	Ş	133,908 52,540	Ş	133,900 52,539		(8) (1)
Commodities		5,750		7,302		7,157	(14	
Total mayor	-	187,000		193,750	_	193,596	(15	
i Otal Illayol		187,000		193,730		193,390		<u>,,,</u>
Town council:								
Human services		19,500		19,477		19,281	(19) 6)
Commodities		8,250		12,273		11,787	(48	
Total town council		27,750		31,750		31,068	(68	
				· · ·		<u> </u>		
Town attorney		235,000		235,000		200,825	(34,17	75)
Town hall / central services:								
Contractual services		154,200		145,439		144,372	(1,06	5 7)
Commodities		60,500		57,591		56,602	(98	39)
Capital		1,500		13,170		12,702	(46	58)
Total town hall / central services		216,200		216,200		213,676	(2,52	24)
Probate court		15,000		15,000		14,844	(15	56)
Finance department:								
Human services		541,250		538,385		529,380	(9,00)5)
Contractual services		61,700		63,100		57,626	(5,47	74)
Commodities		9,000		10,465		10,168	(29) 7)
Total finance department		611,950		611,950		597,174	(14,77	76)
Insurance and taxes		3,513,985		3,513,985		3,377,858	(136,12	27)
Board of assessment appeals:								
Human services		500		500		157	(34	13)
Commodities		100		100		-	(10)0)
Total board of assessment appeals		600		600		157	(44	13)
Auditor		17,000		17,000		16,500	(50)0)
Other		195,000		53,250		44,354	(8,89) 6)
Town clerk:								
Human services		125,868		126,588		126,561	(2	27)
Contractual services		150		150		100		, 50)
Commodities		23,900		23,180		16,510	(6,67	
Total town clerk		149,918	_	149,918	_	143,171	(6,74	
							(Continue	d)

		Dudasts -	l Amac	unto		Variance With Final Budget		
		Budgeted ginal	Amo	Final	Actual		(Under)	
		8					(011017)	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)								
Registrar of voters:								
Human services	\$	36,036	\$	36,036	\$ 36,036	\$	-	
Contractual services		220		220	175		(45)	
Commodities		2,200		2,200	1,826		(374)	
Total registrar of voters		38,456		38,456	 38,037		(419)	
Elections / referendum:								
Contractual services		25,088		25,088	22,080		(3,008)	
Commodities		16,800		16,800	15,685		(1,115)	
Total elections / referendum		41,888		41,888	37,765		(4,123)	
						•		
Land use department:		220.020		222.020	240 454		(42.270)	
Human services	4	239,829		222,829	210,451		(12,378)	
Contractual services		600		600	225		(375)	
Commodities		16,300		16,300	11,325		(4,975)	
Capital		250		4,250	 3,248		(1,002)	
Total land use department		256,979		243,979	 225,249		(18,730)	
Inlands wetlands commission:								
Human services		800		800	689		(111)	
Commodities		210		210	60		(150)	
Total inlands wetlands commission		1,010		1,010	749		(261)	
Franchis development commission								
Economic development commission:		900		400	323		(77)	
Human services							(77)	
Commodities		1,500		1 000	 240 563		(360)	
Total economic development commission		1,500		1,000	 303		(437)	
Building board of appeals		50		50	 -		(50)	
Zoning board of appeals		600		1,100	1,037		(63)	
Senior Center:								
Human services		143,768		143,960	143,332		(628)	
Contractual services	•	34,100		34,578	30,751		(3,827)	
Commodities		16,515		15,845	15,133		(712)	
Total senior center		194,383		194,383	 189,216		(5,167)	
		23 .,000		20 1,000	 103)210	-	(3)237	
Youth services:								
Human services	:	150,350		150,343	144,229		(6,114)	
Contractual services		44,425		44,977	29,162		(15,815)	
Commodities		7,380		6,835	4,105		(2,730)	
Total youth services		202,155		202,155	177,496		(24,659)	
						(Co	ontinued)	

				Variance With
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
	<u> </u>		Actual	Over (onder)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (Continued)				
Private duty	\$ 135,000	\$ 131,000	\$ 117,333	\$ (13,667)
Building inspector:				
Human services	171,967	172,965	172,320	(645)
Contractual services	400	400	290	(110)
Commodities	3,550	2,552	1,122	(1,430
Capital	400	400	99	(301)
Total building inspector	176,317	176,317	173,831	(2,486
Information technology:				
Human services	100,351	96,201	92,566	(3,635)
Contractual services	244,300	248,300	248,235	(65)
Commodities	4,050	4,200	4,199	(1)
Total information technology	348,701	348,701	345,000	(3,701)
Total general government	6,566,442	6,418,442	6,139,499	(278,943)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Emergency management:				
Human services	75,770	75,770	75,216	(554)
Contractual services	15,000	15,000	14,150	(850
Commodities	3,285	3,285	2,118	(1,167
Total emergency management	94,055	94,055	91,484	(2,571
Police department:				
Human services	1,799,955	1,795,036	1,794,057	(979)
Contractual services	158,000	149,018	146,252	(2,766)
Commodities	65,200	83,439	82,825	(614)
Capital	18,500	18,162	18,138	(24)
Total police department	2,041,655	2,045,655	2,041,272	(4,383
Fire marshal:				
Human services	83,905	84,801	84,799	(2)
Commodities	4,935	4,039	3,726	(313)
Total fire marshal	88,840	88,840	88,525	(315)
Animal control:				
Human services	55,460	56,836	56,833	(3)
Contractual services	4,345	3,544	2,962	(582)
Commodities	5,550	4,975	4,273	(702)
Total animal control	65,355	65,355	64,068	(1,287)
Public safety commission:				
Human services	1,500	1,500	519	(981)
Commodities	50	50		(50)
Total public safety commission	1,550	1,550	519	(1,031)
				(Continued)

				Variance With
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
PUBLIC SAFETY (Continued)				
Dispatch:				
Human services	\$ 291,000	\$ 291,300	\$ 289,430	\$ (1,870)
Commodities	4,550	4,250	3,177	(1,073)
Total dispatch	295,550	295,550	292,607	(2,943)
Fire protection:				
Human services	708,000	712,475	712,454	(21)
Contractual services	372,202	372,202	372,202	-
Commodities	74,900	70,425	68,816	(1,609)
Total fire protection	1,155,102	1,155,102	1,153,472	(1,630)
Public safety building:				
Contractual services	73,000	85,672	85,668	(4)
Commodities	6,500	6,828	6,781	(47)
Total public safety building	79,500	92,500	92,449	(51)
Total public safety building		92,500	92,449	(51)
Total public safety	3,821,607	3,838,607	3,824,396	(14,211)
PUBLIC WORKS				
Public works:				
Human services	1,230,776	1,279,741	1,278,482	(1,259)
Contractual services	488,450	455,902	444,099	(11,803)
Commodities	660,900	812,725	801,847	(10,878)
Capital	6,600	8,358	7,611	(747)
Total public works	2,386,726	2,556,726	2,532,039	(24,687)
Camp Oakdale:				
Contractual services	61,300	56,567	56,221	(346)
Commodities	13,100	17,418	17,418	-
Capital	500	915	894	_
Total Camp Oakdale	74,900	74,900	74,533	(367)
Solid waste:				
Human services	137,700	137,700	124,743	(12,957)
Contractual services	854,200	850,764	819,723	(31,041)
Commodities	34,700	37,183	34,185	(2,998)
Capital	3,000	3,953	3,952	(1)
Total solid waste	1,029,600	1,029,600	982,603	(46,997)
Engineering services	135,000	135,000	134,439	(561)
Total public works	3,626,226	3,796,226	3,723,614	(72,612)
				(Continued)

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Variance With Final Budget		
	 Original	AIIIU	Final	Actual		er (Under)	
HEALTH AND WELFARE							
Contractual services	\$ 180,566	\$	180,566	\$ 179,488	\$	(1,078)	
Commodities	 700		700	486		(214)	
Total health and welfare	 181,266		181,266	 179,974		(1,292)	
SOCIAL SERVICES							
Human services	29,945		31,245	31,089		(156)	
Contractual services	2,800		1,674	1,095		(579)	
Commodities	400		226	214		(12)	
Total social services	33,145		33,145	32,398		(747)	
RECREATION AND LEISURE							
Recreation:							
Human services	198,430		195,062	195,019		(43)	
Contractual services	775		775	654		(121)	
Commodities	28,060		30,928	27,645		(3,283)	
Capital	3,600		3,600	3,565		(35)	
Total recreation	230,865		230,365	226,883		(3,482)	
Fair oaks building	 32,200		37,200	36,411		(789)	
Parks and recreation commission:							
Human services	500		1,000	 973		(27)	
Total recreation and leisure	263,565		268,565	264,267		(4,298)	
MISCELLANEOUS							
Donations to organizations	 65,300		65,300	65,125		(175)	
EDUCATION	 37,200,441		37,200,441	 36,963,485		(236,956)	
CAPITAL OUTLAY	 1,182,642		1,376,142	1,116,575		(259,567)	
DEBT SERVICE							
Redemption of debt - principal	3,092,998		3,020,498	3,019,000		(1,498)	
Interest payments	1,322,489		1,322,489	1,322,488		(1,450)	
Total debt service	4,415,487		4,342,987	4,341,488		(1,499)	
Total expenditures	 57,356,121		57,521,121	 56,650,821		(870,300)	
OTHER FINANCING USES							
Continued appropriations - Education	_		185,457	185,457		_	
Continued appropriations - Education	 		103,437	103,437			
Total expenditures and other	F7 0F6 (6)		F7 700	FC 025 275		(070 000)	
financing uses	\$ 57,356,121	\$	57,706,578	\$ 56,836,278	\$	(870,300)	

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Grand List	alance ollected	Current		Lawful Co	orrection	าร	T	ransfers To	Balance To Be					Collections rest, Liens			_	Balance Uncollected					
Year	30, 2014	 Levy	Ad	Iditions		ductions	Si	uspense		Collected	Taxes		and Fees		Total			lune 30, 2015					
1998	\$ 5,878	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,878	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
1999	1,377	-		-		166		1,211		-		-		-		-		-					
2000	2,756	-		-		173		275		2,308		-		-		-		2,308					
2001	4,949	-		-		123		163		4,663		-		-	-			4,663					
2002	3,318	-		-		138		168		3,012		-		-		-		3,012					
2003	3,351	-		-		140		172		3,039		-		-	-			3,039					
2004	6,148	-		-		145		180		5,823		-		-		-		5,823					
2005	6,183	-		-		149		-		6,034		-		-	-			6,034					
2006	7,559	-		-		524		-		7,035		-		-	-			7,035					
2007	16,917	-		29		527		-		16,419		-		-		-		16,419					
2008	37,910	-		-		5,509		388		32,013		3,801		-		3,801		28,212					
2009	99,239	-		-		1,400		19,035		78,804		8,334		4,562		12,896		70,470					
2010	270,129	-		167		1,353		4,451		264,492		30,491		27,094		57,585		234,001					
2011	410,390	-		708		8,317		5,237		397,544		84,627		39,544		124,171		312,917					
2012	924,815	-		1,652		9,579		4,638		912,250		270,676		68,262		338,938		641,574					
2013	-	36,846,676		55,688		97,851		9,803		36,794,710		35,912,024		155,206		36,067,230		882,686					
	\$ 1,800,919	\$ 36,846,676	\$	58,244	\$	131,972	\$	45,721	\$	38,528,146	\$	36,309,953	\$	294,668	\$	36,604,621	\$	2,218,193					

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES, SECTION 7-374(b) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Tatal and addition for the constant								
Total cash collections for the year ended June 30, 2015:								
Taxes	\$	36,309,953						
Interest and lien fees	Ţ	294,668						
Total		36,604,621						
Reimbursement for revenue loss:		30,001,021						
Tax relief for elderly (CGS 12-129d)		108,060						
Base	\$	36,712,681						
		General					Urban	Pension
		Purposes	Schools		Sewers		Renewal	Deficit
Debt limitation:								
2-1/4 times base	\$	82,603,532	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
4-1/2 times base		-	165,207,065		-		-	-
3-3/4 times base		-	-		137,672,554		-	-
3-1/4 times base		-	-		-		119,316,213	-
3 times base		-	 		-	_	-	 110,138,043
Total debt limitation		82,603,532	165,207,065		137,672,554		119,316,213	 110,138,043
Indebtedness:								
Bonds payable		33,716,200	3,915,000		2,263,800		-	-
Authorized but unissued bonds		700,000	3,900,500		-		-	-
Total indebtedness		34,416,200	7,815,500	-	2,263,800		-	-
Less: assessments receivable		30,543	_		_		_	_
Less: School construction grants receivable		<u>-</u>	1,163,251		-		-	-
Net indebtedness		34,385,657	6,652,249		2,263,800		-	 -
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding								
and authorized debt	\$	48,217,875	\$ 158,554,816	\$	135,408,754	\$	119,316,213	\$ 110,138,043
Total capacity of borrowing (7 times base)	Ś	256,988,767						
Total present indebtedness		43,301,706						
Margin for additional borrowing	\$	213,687,061						
Ü	÷	, , -						

SCHEDULE OF SEWER ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS - PHASE II FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

												Collections				
Year	ı	Uncollected						Adjusted				Interest			U	ncollected
Ended	A	Assessments		Corre	ctions	<u> </u>	Α	ssessments	Α	ssessments		and Lien			A	ssessments
June 30,	at Be	eginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Collectible		Collected		Fees		Total	a	t Year End
2002	Ś	3,274,736	\$	61	\$	1,424	\$	3,273,373	Ś	422,036	Ś	258,863	Ś	680,899	\$	2,851,337
2003	Ψ	2,851,337	Y	-	Ψ	4,108	Y	2,847,229	Y	466,519	Y	297,766	Y	764,285	Y	2,380,710
2004		2,380,710		65		3,584		2,377,191		323,598		165,781		489,379		2,053,593
2005		2,053,593		218		-		2,053,811		299,662		138,690		438,352		1,754,149
2006		1,754,149		24		46,244		1,707,929		367,903		225,632		593,535		1,340,026
2007		1,340,026		142		-		1,340,168		260,239		91,784		352,023		1,079,929
2008		1,079,929		-		2,702		1,077,227		211,382		74,600		285,982		865,845
2009		865,845		-		4,106		861,739		184,117		64,108		248,225		677,622
2010		677,622		-		175		677,447		189,341		41,507		230,848		488,106
2011		488,106		20		-		488,126		154,173		31,885		186,058		333,953
2012		333,953		-		20		333,933		138,002		25,776		163,778		195,931
2013		195,931		-		1,338		194,593		134,573		21,363		155,936		60,020
2014		60,020		-		-		60,020		18,244		9,246		27,490		41,776
2015		41,776		-		5,971		35,805		8,041		4,376		12,417		27,764

SCHEDULE OF SEWER ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS - PHASE IIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

												Collections				
Year	Uı	ncollected						Adjusted				Interest			ι	Jncollected
Ended	As	sessments		Corre	ction	s	1	Assessments	Α	ssessments		and Lien			A	ssessments
June 30,	at Beg	ginning of Year		Additions		Deductions		Collectible		Collected		Fees		Total		at Year End
2002	\$	203,539	\$	_	Ś	_	Ś	203,539	Ś	22,693	Ś	15,208	\$	37,901	\$	180,846
2003	Y	180,846	Y	_	Y	_	Y	180,846	Y	20,749	Y	11,254	Y	32,003	Ÿ	160,097
2004		160,097		_		_		160,097		22,840		11,871		34,711		137,257
2005		137,257		_		_		•		·		8,130		•		•
		•		-		-		137,257		17,092		•		25,222		120,165
2006		120,165		-		-		120,165		23,957		21,204		45,161		96,208
2007		96,208		-		-		96,208		16,881		6,830		23,711		79,327
2008		79,327		-		-		79,327		20,622		9,200		29,822		58,705
2009		58,705		-		-		58,705		13,176		3,462		16,638		45,529
2010		45,529		-		-		45,529		11,755		2,347		14,102		33,774
2011		33,774		-		-		33,774		18,367		11,218		29,585		15,407
2012		15,407		165		-		15,572		12,344		1,682		14,026		3,228
2013		3,228		-		-		3,228		1,202		401		1,603		2,026
2014		2,026		-		-		2,026		1,763		1,652		3,415		263
2015		263		-		-		263		263		163		426		-

SCHEDULE OF WATER ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS- PHASE IV FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

												Collections				
Year	Ur	ncollected						Adjusted				Interest			U	ncollected
Ended	As	sessments		Corre	ctions		Α	ssessments	As	sessments		and Lien			As	ssessments
June 30,	at Beg	inning of Year	Α	dditions		Deductions		Collectible		Collected		Fees		Total	a	t Year End
2002	\$	154,119	\$	_	\$	_	\$	154,119	Ś	15,255	\$	7,520	\$	22,775	\$	138,864
	Ų	*	ب		Ą		Ą	·	ب	·	ڔ	•	۲	•	Ą	•
2003		138,864		-		-		138,864		18,057		5,775		23,832		120,807
2004		120,807		-		-		120,807		11,026		4,686		15,712		109,781
2005		109,781		-		-		109,781		12,041		4,836		16,877		97,740
2006		97,740		-		14,521		83,219		26,527		13,500		40,027		56,692
2007		56,692		-		-		56,692		10,359		2,638		12,997		46,333
2008		46,333		-		-		46,333		8,714		1,896		10,610		37,619
2009		37,619		-		-		37,619		12,898		1,829		14,727		24,721
2010		24,721		-		-		24,721		8,811		1,720		10,531		15,910
2011		15,910		82		-		15,992		9,319		1,528		10,847		6,673
2012		6,673		-		-		6,673		537		268		805		6,136
2013		6,136		-		-		6,136		1,967		2,686		4,653		4,169
2014		4,169		-		-		4,169		927		468		1,395		3,242
2015		3,242		-		-		3,242		463		178		641		2,779

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

						Nor	nmajor S	pecial Revenue	Funds					
	Ro	Town Aid oad Fund	Pro	Hot Lunch gram Fund	Ec	Special lucation ants Fund	;	Social Services Fund		Youth Service reau Fund	N	earn lot to n Fund	Pre	n Historic servation Fund
ASSETS							,	_			'			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	221,618	\$	71,426	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:														
Intergovernmental		-		80,453		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		4,985		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		58,620		-		-		214,364		30,039		359		7,909
Inventories		-		33,152		-		-		-		_		-
Total assets	\$	58,620	\$	340,208	\$	71,426	\$	214,364	\$	30,039	\$	359	\$	7,909
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	9,660	\$	-	\$	2,476	\$	1,336	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		10,481		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		58,620		15,718		71,426		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		58,620		35,859		71,426		2,476		1,336		-		-
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		-		33,152		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		359		-
Committed		-		271,197		-		211,888		28,703		-		7,909
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		-		304,349		-		211,888		28,703		359		7,909
Total liabilities and fund balances	_	58,620	Ċ	340,208		71,426	_	214,364	_	30,039		359	<u> </u>	7,909

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) JUNE 30, 2015

					No	onmajor Speci	al Revenu	e Funds						Nonmajor Capit	al Proje	ct Funds
	Do	Police mations	Re	rks and creation		Dog Warden	Fo	olice rfeiture	Stat	ellaneous e Grants		Revenue		LOCIP		Capital nrecurring
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		onation		Fund		Fund		Funds		Fund		Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	Ś		Ś		Ś	_	Ś		Ś	_	Ś	293,044	Ś	_	¢	
Receivables:	Ļ		Ą		Ą		Ą		Ţ		Ų	293,044	Ą		۲	
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_		_		80,453		_		_
Other		_		_		_		_		_		4,985		_		_
Due from other funds		3,131		52,870		4,024		6,992		2,739		381,047		60,213		137,138
Inventories		-		-		-		-		-		33,152		-		-
Total assets	\$	3,131	\$	52,870	\$	4,024	\$	6,992	\$	2,739	\$	792,681	\$	60,213	\$	137,138
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	7,725	\$	110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,307	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		10,481		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-				-				2,739		148,503		-		-
Total liabilities		-		7,725		110		-		2,739		180,291		-		-
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		33,152		-		-
Restricted		3,131		-		3,914		6,992		-		14,396		60,213		-
Committed		-		45,145		-		-		-		564,842		-		137,138
Unassigned		-		_		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		3,131		45,145		3,914		6,992				612,390		60,213		137,138
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,131	\$	52,870	\$	4,024	\$	6,992	\$	2,739	\$	792,681	\$	60,213	\$	137,138
									-					_		(Continue

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) JUNE 30, 2015

			Nonmajor Capit	al Droigo	t Funds			
	Capital Projects Fund	Open Space Fund	Bridges Fund	Bı	idge St.	esterfield idewalks	otal Capital Projects Funds	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS		 					 	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 293,044
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental	-	-	4,310		62,386	-	66,696	147,149
Other	-	-	-		-	-	-	4,985
Due from other funds	995,764	5,000	449,619		-	106,109	1,753,843	2,134,890
Inventories	 -	 -	 -		-	 -	 	 33,152
Total assets	\$ 995,764	\$ 5,000	\$ 453,929	\$	62,386	\$ 106,109	\$ 1,820,539	\$ 2,613,220
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,987	\$	57,386	\$ 93,642	\$ 243,015	\$ 264,322
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-		-	-	-	10,481
Due to other funds	-	-	-		5,000	-	5,000	5,000
Unearned revenue	 		 382,599			 12,467	395,066	 543,569
Total liabilities		-	474,586		62,386	106,109	643,081	 823,372
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-	-	-	33,152
Restricted	-	-	-		-	-	60,213	74,609
Committed	995,764	5,000	-		-	-	1,137,902	1,702,744
Unassigned	 -		 (20,657)			 	 (20,657)	 (20,657)
Total fund balances	995,764	5,000	(20,657)		-		1,177,458	1,789,848
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 995,764	\$ 5,000	\$ 453,929	\$	62,386	\$ 106,109	\$ 1,820,539	\$ 2,613,220

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Nonr	najor Sp	ecial Revenue	Funds					
	Town Aid ad Fund	Pro	Hot Lunch gram Fund	Special Education rants Fund	•	Social Services Fund	S	outh ervice eau Fund	N	earn ot to n Fund	Pres	n Historic servation Fund
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental	\$ 432,477	\$	555,940	\$ 1,196,967	\$	75,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000
Charges for services	-		437,746	-		59,035		24,230		-		6,709
Donations	-		-	-		19,331		-		-		-
Interest income	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	432,477		993,686	1,196,967		153,516		24,230		-		11,709
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	-		-	-		169,987		23,030		-		9,422
Public safety	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Public works	466,147		-	-		-		-		-		-
Recreation and leisure	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Education	-		1,029,944	1,196,967		-		-		-		-
Capital outlays	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 466,147		1,029,944	1,196,967		169,987		23,030		-		9,422
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures	(33,670)		(36,258)	-		(16,471)		1,200		-		2,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Transfers in	 									-		-
Net change in fund balances	(33,670)		(36,258)	-		(16,471)		1,200		-		2,287
Fund balances - beginning	 33,670	-	340,607	 <u>-</u>		228,359		27,503	-	359	-	5,622
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	304,349	\$ -	\$	211,888	\$	28,703	\$	359	\$	7,909
	 			 								(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

					Nonn	najor Specia	al Revenu	e Funds				Nonmajor Capit	al Proje	ct Funds
	Do	olice nations und	Reci	ks and reation und	Do War Dona	den	Fo	olice rfeiture Fund	Sta	ellaneous e Grants Fund	tal Special Revenue Funds	LOCIP Fund		Capital nrecurring Fund
REVENUES				,						,		 		
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,737	\$	41,061	\$ 2,308,332	\$ -	\$	-
Charges for services		-		61,186		-		-		-	588,906	7,191		-
Donations		100		-		1,706		-		-	21,137	-		-
Interest income		-		-		-		-			 	 		10
Total revenues		100		61,186		1,706		1,737		41,061	 2,918,375	 7,191		10
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General government		-		-		-		-		41,061	243,500	-		-
Public safety		136		-		1,139		929		-	2,204	-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-	466,147	-		-
Recreation and leisure		-		49,789		-		-		-	49,789	-		-
Education		-		-		-		-		-	2,226,911	-		-
Capital outlays		-				-		-			<u> </u>	 44,750		29,378
Total expenditures		136		49,789		1,139		929		41,061	 2,988,551	 44,750		29,378
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over expenditures		(36)		11,397		567		808		-	(70,176)	(37,559)		(29,368)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES														
Transfers in					-			-			 -	 		-
Net change in fund balances		(36)		11,397		567		808		-	(70,176)	(37,559)		(29,368)
Fund balances - beginning		3,167		33,748		3,347		6,184			 682,566	 97,772		166,506
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,131	\$	45,145	\$	3,914	\$	6,992	\$		\$ 612,390	\$ 60,213	\$	137,138
											 			(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Non	major Capit	al Projec	ct Funds			
	Capital Projects Funds		Open Space Fund	Brid	dges	В	ridge St.	esterfield idewalks	tal Capital Projects Funds	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	358,454	\$	62,386	\$ 231,983	\$ 652,823	\$ 2,961,155
Charges for services	-		-		-		-	-	7,191	596,097
Donations	-		-		-		-	-	-	21,137
Interest income			-		-		-	-	 10	 10
Total revenues	-				358,454		62,386	 231,983	 660,024	 3,578,399
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	-		-		-		-	-	-	243,500
Public safety	-		-		-		-	-	-	2,204
Public works	-		-		-		62,386	-	62,386	528,533
Recreation and leisure	-		-		-		-	-	-	49,789
Education	-		-		-		-	-	-	2,226,911
Capital outlays	105,72	6	-		379,111		-	231,983	790,948	790,948
Total expenditures	105,72	6	-		379,111		62,386	231,983	853,334	3,841,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(105,72	6)	-		(20,657)		-	-	(193,310)	(263,486)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Transfers in	395,35	6	-		-		-	 -	 395,356	 395,356
Net change in fund balances	289,63	0	-		(20,657)		-	-	202,046	131,870
Fund balances - beginning	706,13	4	5,000	-				 	975,412	1,657,978
Fund balances - ending	\$ 995,76	4 \$	5,000	\$	(20,657)	\$		\$ 	\$ 1,177,458	\$ 1,789,848

FIDUCIARY FUNDS	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		Student activities	Pe	rformance Bonds		Total Agency Funds
ASSETS	ć	2CF 011	ب	170 110	<u> </u>	444.027
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	265,811	\$	179,116	\$	444,927
Investments		32,657				32,657
Total assets	\$	298,468	\$	179,116	\$	477,584
LIABILITIES						
Due to student groups	\$	298,468	\$	-	\$	298,468
Due to others		-		179,116		179,116
Total liabilities	\$	298,468	\$	179,116	\$	477,584

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ${\sf AGENCY\,FUNDS}$ FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Balance, ly 1, 2014	A	dditions		Deletions		3alance, e 30, 2015
Student Activities	 _		_		_		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 262,935	\$	466,628	\$	463,752	\$	265,811
Investments	 32,611		46				32,657
Total assets	\$ 295,546	\$	466,674	\$	463,752	\$	298,468
Liabilities							
Due to student groups	\$ 295,546	\$	466,674	\$	463,752	\$	298,468
Total liabilities	\$ 295,546	\$	466,674	\$	463,752	\$	298,468
Performance Bonds							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 92,701	\$	94,415	\$	8,000	\$	179,116
Total assets	\$ 92,701	\$	94,415	\$	8,000	\$	179,116
Liabilities							
Due to others	\$ 92,701	\$	94,415	\$	8,000	\$	179,116
Total liabilities	\$ 92,701	\$	94,415	\$	8,000	\$	179,116
Total All Agency Funds							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 355,636	\$	561,043	\$	471,752	\$	444,927
Investments	32,611	·	46	·	, -	•	32,657
Total assets	\$ 388,247	\$	561,089	\$	471,752	\$	477,584
Liabilities							
Due to student groups	\$ 295,546	\$	466,674	\$	463,752	\$	298,468
Due to others	92,701	-	94,415	-	8,000	-	179,116
Total liabilities	\$ 388,247	\$	561,089	\$	471,752	\$	477,584

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

GRAND LIST DATED 10/1	REAL PROPERTY PERCENT	PERSONAL PROPERTY PERCENT	MOTOR VEHICLE PERCENT	GROSS TAXABLE GRAND LIST (1)		LESS EXEMPTIONS (1)		NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (1)		PERCENT CHANGE %
2013	82.1	7.8	10.1	\$	1,605,569	\$	346,271	\$	1,259,298	0.4%
2012	82.6	7.4	10.0		1,602,427		347,898		1,254,529	-4.1%
2011	79.7	10.5	9.8		1,531,006		222,785		1,308,221	(14.60)
2010	82.9	9.2	7.9		1,745,512		213,719		1,531,793	1.02
2009	83.1	9.2	7.7		1,725,221		208,864		1,516,357	0.29
2008	82.4	9.8	7.8		1,709,810		197,863		1,511,947	-

(1) In thousands

Source: Town of Montville, Office of the Assessor

MAJOR TAXPAYERS 2013 GRAND LIST (Unaudited)

NAME OF TAXPAYER	NATURE OF BUSINESS	GRAND LIST AMOUNT (1)	% NET TAXABLE GRAND LIST (2)
Connecticut Light and Power	Utility	\$ 38,379,617	3.06
CSC Montville Commons LP	Retail Shopping Center	12,633,500	1.01
Home Depot USA Inc.	Retail Shopping Center	11,473,228	0.91
Montville Power LLC	Power Generation	11,252,076	0.90
Rand Whitney Containerboard LTD	Paper/Paperboard/Cogeneration	9,361,702	0.75
Rock Tenn CP LLC	Papermill	8,510,564	0.68
Stonestreet Hospitality Realty Co.	Hotel	8,497,910	0.68
Yankee Gas Services	Utilities	5,875,099	0.47
Jensens Inc.	Active Adult Community	5,588,130	0.45
Burkhard Hotel Partners II LLC	Hotel	5,157,336	0.41
		\$ 116,729,162	9.30

⁽¹⁾ Net Taxable Grand List 10/01/14

Source: Town of Montville, Office of the Tax Collector

⁽²⁾ Net Taxable Grand List 10/01/14 Amount \$1,255,702,744

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Grand	Т	axes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				ollections	Total Collections to Date			
Ended	List	for the				Percentage	in Subsequent Years				Percentage	
June 30,	Year		Fiscal Year	Amount		of Levy			Amount		of Levy	
2015	2013	\$	36,794,710	\$	35,912,024	97.60%	\$	-	\$	35,912,024	97.60%	
2014	2012		36,173,699		35,271,962	97.51%		260,163		35,532,125	98.23%	
2013	2011		38,212,245		36,735,621	96.14%		1,163,707		37,899,328	99.18%	
2012	2010		35,089,735		33,078,939	94.27%		1,776,795		34,855,734	99.33%	
2011	2009		33,817,048		33,200,666	98.18%		545,912		33,746,578	99.79%	
2010	2008		32,227,184		31,558,711	97.93%		640,261		32,198,972	99.91%	

Source: Town of Montville, Office of the Tax Collector

Note: The above information presents the information for each period for which it is levied. A tax levy provides taxes

remitted in the following year.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

							Ration of Net		
							Bonded Debt to	Percentage	Debt
Fiscal		Total	Cle	an Water		Total Net	Est. Actual	of Personal	Per
Year	В	onded Debt		nd Notes	В	onded Debt	Taxable Value ¹	Income ²	Capita ³
Governmental Activities:					<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
2015	\$	37,631,200	\$	-	\$	37,631,200	2.99%	5.23%	1,929
2014		40,650,200		-		40,650,200	3.24%	7.17%	2,084
2013		43,484,200		-		43,484,200	3.32%	7.41%	2,207
2012		46,177,600		-		46,177,600	3.01%	8.68%	2,472
2011		38,197,600		-		38,197,600	2.52%	8.54%	1,910
2010		41,137,600		-		41,137,600	2.72%	9.43%	2,108
Business-ty			_						
2015	\$	2,263,800	\$	245,631	\$	2,509,431	0.20%	0.35%	129
2014		2,534,800		-		2,534,800	0.20%	0.45%	130
2013		2,745,800		-		2,745,800	0.21%	0.47%	139
2012		2,922,400		-		2,922,400	0.19%	0.55%	156
2011		1,777,400		-		1,777,400	0.12%	0.40%	89
2010		2,022,400		-		2,022,400	0.13%	0.46%	104
Taa									
Town-wide		20 005 000	<u> </u>	245 624	<u>,</u>	40 4 40 634	2.400/	F F00/	2.057
2015	\$	39,895,000	\$	245,631	\$	40,140,631	3.19%	5.58%	2,057
2014		43,185,000		-		43,185,000	3.44%	7.62%	2,214
2013		46,230,000		-		46,230,000	3.53%	7.88%	2,346
2012		49,100,000		-		49,100,000	3.21%	9.23%	2,628
2011		39,975,000		-		39,975,000	2.64%	8.94%	1,998
2010		43,160,000		-		43,160,000	2.85%	9.89%	2,212

Source: Annual Town Financial Statements

¹ See Table 1 for taxable property value data.

² See Table 5 for population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income.

³ See Table 5 for population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population.

Table 5

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST FSIX FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population ¹		Personal ome (000)s		Per Capita Personal Income ^z	Median Age ¹	Unemployment Rate ³	
2015	19,511	\$	719,780	\$	36,891	40	6.0%	
2013	19,505	Y	566,640	Y	29,051	42	6.7%	
2013	19,703		586,696		29,777	42	8.0%	
2012	18,680		532,044		28,482	39	9.0%	
2011	20,003		447,207		22,357	38	9.1%	
2010	19,516		436,319		22,357	39	9.2%	

Source: Various Town records

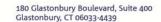
- 1 Connecticut Economic Resource Center, Inc. Annual Town Profile
- 2 State of Connecticut, Department of Economic and Community Development
- 3 State of Connecticut, Labor Department, By Town, Not Seasonally Adjusted

TOWN OF MONTVILLE, CONNECTICUT FEDERAL AND STATE SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS JUNE 30, 2015

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INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT





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Glastonbury Middletown

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Montville, Connecticut

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Glastonbury, Connecticut December 29, 2015

Mahoney Sabol + Conjuny, LLP

FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



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Glastonbury Middletown Essex

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program, on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133, and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Montville, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Montville, Connecticut's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of federal findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Montville, Connecticut complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Malroney Sabol + Caypany, LLP
Glastonbury, Connecticut
December 29, 2015

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Grantor; Pass-Through Grantor; Program Title	Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	Evn	enditures
		Number	Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Administrat	tive Services:	40.555	<u> </u>	25.726
National School Lunch Program - USDA Commodities	-	10.555	\$	35,736
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20560	10.555		321,291
National School Lunch Program - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20560	10.555		54,462
National School Breakfast Program - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20508	10.553		81,069
National School Breakfast Program - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20508	10.553		11,964
Total Department of Agriculture				504,522
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20977	84.027		529,093
Special Education - Grants to States - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20977	84.027		75,055
Special Education - Preschool Grants - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20983	84.173		14,067
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20679	84.010		210,700
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20679	84.010		54,388
Title II - Part A Improving Teacher Quality - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20858	84.367		84,834
Title II - Part A Improving Teacher Quality - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20858	84.367		4,953
Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20742	84.048		21,856
Title III - Part A English Language Acquisition - 2015	12060-SDE64370-20868	84.365		16,746
Title III - Part A English Language Acquisition - 2014	12060-SDE64370-20868	84.365		425
				1,012,117
Passed through Three Rivers Community College:				
College Career Pathways Grant	-	84.048		521
Total Department of Education				1,012,638
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Transportat	ion:			
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	12062-DOT57513-22091	20.607		38,890
National Priority Safety Programs	12062-DOT57513-22600	20.616		8,262
Federal Highway Safety Grants	12062-DOT57513-20559	20.600		7,721
Highway Planning and Construction	12062-DOT57513-22108	20.205		4,310
Total Department of Transportation				59,183
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Passed through the State of Connecticut Department of Economic D	evelopment:			
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	12060-ECD46555-21775	66.818		62,386
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDED			\$	1,638,729

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE A - ACCOUNTING BASIS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounting policies of the Town of Montville, Connecticut conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental organizations.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been prepared on the accrual basis consistent with the preparation of the basic financial statements. Information included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

For cost reimbursement awards, revenues are recognized to the extent of expenditures. Expenditures have been recognized to the extent the related obligation was incurred within the applicable grant period and liquidated within 90 days after the end of the grant period.

For performance based awards, revenues are recognized to the extent of performance achieved during the grant period.

Certain financial assistance is not dependent on expenditure activity or the achievement of performance goals and, accordingly, is considered expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These financial assistance program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

NOTE B - OTHER FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

The United States Department of Agriculture makes available commodities for donations to schools. An amount of \$35,736 is reflected in the expenditures column in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and represents the market value of such commodities received during the period.

No other federal assistance was received in the form of loans, loan guarantees or insurance.

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

ECHONI	- SOMMANT OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS			
Financial	Statements			
Type o	f auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Interna	al control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓	No
O	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	✓	None reported
Nonco	mpliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	✓	_ No
Federal A	Awards			
Interna O	al control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓	_ No None
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	√	_ reported
Type o	of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
•	udit findings disclosed that are required to be reported lance with Circular A-133, Section 510(a)?	in Yes	√	_ No
Identif	ication of major programs:			
	CFDA Number Name	of Federal Program		
	10.555/10.553 Child	Nutrition Cluster		
Dollar	threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progr	rams: <u>\$300,000</u>		
Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ Yes		No
ECTION II	– FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS			
No findir	ngs are reported.			
ECTION III	I – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS			
No findir	ngs or questioned costs are reported.			

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF THE STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

No prior audit findings were noted.

STATE SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



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Glastonbury Middletown Essex

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program, on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Connecticut State Single Audit Act, and on the Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Montville, Connecticut

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Montville, Connecticut's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management *Compliance Supplement to the State Single Audit Act* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of state findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State Single Audit Act (C.G.S. Sections 4-230 to 4-236). Those standards and the State Single Audit Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town of Montville, Connecticut complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State Single Audit Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Single Audit Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance Required by the State Single Audit Act

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State Single Audit Act and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Mahoney Sabol + Caypeny, LLP Glastonbury, Connecticut

December 29, 2015

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

State Grantor; Pass-Through Grantor; Program Title	State Grant Program Core - CT Number	Expenditures	
NONEXEMPT PROGRAMS			
OFFICE OF POLICY AND MANAGEMENT			
Direct:			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes on State-owned Property	11000-OPM20600-17004	\$ 1,979,859	
Property Tax Relief	11000-OPM20600-17086	345,327	
Municipal Grant In-Aid	12052-OPM20600-43587	497,189	
Property Tax Relief for Elderly and Disabled Homeowners	11000-OPM20600-17018	108,060	
Municipal Reimbursement and Revenue	12060-OPM20600-35525	41,063	
Property Tax Relief for Veterans	11000-OPM20600-17024	9,464	
Property Tax Relief for the Totally Disabled	11000-OPM20600-17011	3,276	
Total Office of Policy and Management		2,984,236	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct:			
Magnet School Transportation	11000-SDE64370-17057	89,700	
Adult Education	11000-SDE64370-17030	31,192	
Afterschool Program	11000-SDE64370-17084	25,000	
Aid to Private Schools - Health Services	11000-SDE64370-17034	24,180	
Health Food Initiative	11000-SDE64370-16212	23,93	
Youth Services Bureau	11000-SDE64370-17052	18,33	
School Breakfast Match	11000-SDE64370-17046	15,81	
Child Nutrition Sate Match	11000-SDE64370-16211	11,66	
Common Core Grant	11000-SDE64370-12566	10,000	
Youth Services Bureau - Enhancement	11000-SDE64370-16201	6,172	
Total Department of Education		256,004	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Direct:			
Town Aid Road	13033-DOT57131-43459	432,47	
Small Town Economic Assistance Program - Chesterfield Sidewalks	12052-DOT57191-40532	231,983	
Small Town Economic Assistance Program - Montville Road Bridge	12052-DOT57191-40532	117,40	
Local Bridge and Road Program - Montville Road Bridge	13033-DOT57191-43456	236,743	
Local Bridge and Road Program - Derry Hill Road	13033-DOT57191-43456	107,14	
Bus Operations	12001-DOT57931-12175	75,150	
Capital Resurfacing - Related Improvement	13933-DOT57261-41386	8,450	
Total Department of Education		1,209,351	

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

State Grantor; Pass-Through Grantor; Program Title	State Grant Program Core - CT Number	Expenditures	
NONEXEMPT PROGRAMS (Continued)			
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION			
Direct:			
Clean Water Revenue Bonds	21015-DEP43000-42318	\$	34,700
Clean Water Fund	21014-DEP43720-40001		7,487
Total Department of Energy and Environmental Protection			42,187
DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES AND PUBLIC PROTECTION			
Direct:			
Nuclear Emergency Safety Fund	12060-DPS32982-90428		15,424
Nuclear Safety Fund Dominion	12060-DPS32984-30465		13,362
Nuclear Safety Fund CT Yankee	12060-DPS32984-30464		1,162
Drug Asset Forfeiture	12060-DPS32155-35142		1,737
Total Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection			31,685
OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER Direct:			
Nitrogen Credit Exchange Program	21016-OTT14230-42407		24,695
CONNECTICUT STATE LIBRARY			
Direct:			
Preservation of Historic Documents	12060-CSL66094-35150		5,000
Total State Assistance Before Exempt Programs			4,553,158
EXEMPT PROGRAMS			
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct:			
Education Cost Sharing	11000-SDE64370-17041		12,787,949
Public School Transportation	11000-SDE64370-17027		217,881
Special Education: Excess Costs Student Based	11000-SDE64370-17047		214,318
Nonpublic School Transportation	11000-SDE64370-17049		13,433
Total Department of Education			13,233,581
OFFICE OF POLICY AND MANAGEMENT Direct:			
Mashantucket Pequot Grant	12009-OPM20600-17005		1,068,665
Total Exempt Programs			14,302,246
TOTAL STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE		\$	18,855,404

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Various departments and agencies of the State of Connecticut have provided financial assistance to the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town") through grants and other authorizations in accordance with the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut. These financial assistance programs fund several programs of the Town.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental organizations. The following is a summary of the more significant policies relating to the aforementioned grant programs.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance has been prepared on the accrual basis consistent with the preparation of the basic financial statements. Information included in the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance is presented in accordance with regulations established by the State of Connecticut, Office of Policy and Management.

For cost reimbursement awards, revenues are recognized to the extent of expenditures. Expenditures have been recognized to the extent the related obligation was incurred within the applicable grant period and liquidated within 90 days after the end of the grant period.

For performance based awards, revenues are recognized to the extent of performance achieved during the grant period.

The schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance contained in this report is prepared based on regulations established by the State of Connecticut Office of Policy and Management. In accordance with these regulations (Section 4-236-22), certain financial assistance is not dependent on expenditure activity or the achievement of performance goals and, accordingly, is considered expended in the fiscal year of receipt. These financial assistance program receipts are reflected in the expenditures column of the schedule of expenditures of state financial assistance.

SCHEDULE OF STATE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
O Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓ No	
O Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	✓ None Repo	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	✓ No	
STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			
Internal control over major programs:			
O Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	✓ No	
O Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	✓ None Repo	-
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progr	rams: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be re accordance with Section 4-236-24 of the Regulations to the St	•		
Audit Act?	Yes	✓ No	
The following schedule reflects the major programs included	in the audit:		
	State Grant Program		
State Grantor/	Core-CT	_	
Program	Number	Expe	enditure
Iffice of Policy and Management Payment in Lieu of Taxes on State-owned Property	11000-OPM20600-17004	\$ 1	1,979,85

State Grantor/	Core-CT		
Program	Number		Expenditures
Office of Policy and Management			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes on State-owned Property	11000-OPM20600-17004	\$	1,979,859
Property Tax Relief	11000-OPM20600-17086		345,327
Department of Transportation			
Small Town Economic Assistance Program	12052-DOT57191-40532		349,384
Local Bridge and Road Program	13033-DOT57191-43456		343,890

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$200,000

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No findings were reported.

III. STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

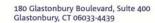
No findings were reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF THE STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

No prior audit findings were noted.

COMMUNICATION OF INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS

JUNE 30, 2015



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Glastonbury Middletown Essex

To the Town Council and Management of the Town of Montville, Connecticut

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Town of Montville, Connecticut (the "Town"), as of June 30, 2015 and for the year then ended, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAS") require that we advise management and the Town Council (hereinafter referred to as "those charged with governance") of internal control matters identified during our audit.

Our responsibilities

Our responsibility, as prescribed by US GAAS, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether caused by error or fraud. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting (hereinafter referred to as "internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of identifying deficiencies in internal control or expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion on internal control effectiveness.

Identified deficiencies in internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the Town's internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, as defined above. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

During our audit, we became aware of the following deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and other matters that are opportunities for strengthening the Town's internal controls and operating efficiencies:

Current Year Recommendations

Student Activity Fund Document Retention

During our audit, we noted that two schools within the Town do not retain adequate documentation supporting receipts within the Student Activity Fund.

We recommend that the Board of Education require increased documentation over the receipt process to ensure receipts are deposited timely and recorded for the correct purpose. Documentation should include the following:

- source of funds and purpose of collection; and
- the intended use of the funds (i.e. which student group the funds belong to).

Previous Year Recommendation - Not Yet Resolved

Internal Service Fund - Town

During prior year audit procedures, we noted that the balance of net position within the Internal Service Fund was significant. We recommended that the Town revisit the budgeting process for this fund, as typically internal service funds of this nature are designed to be "break-even" funds.

During the current year audit, we noted that the Internal Service Fund had a decrease to net position of approximately \$619,000. However, even after the fiscal year 2015 loss, net position within this fund remains significantly higher than would be expected.

We recommend that management continue to revisit the budgeting process for this fund, and document how the net position will be utilized over time (return the funds to the applicable departments, reserve amounts for potential increases in health insurance premiums, or other possible uses). Further, we recommend that the Town Council develop a policy to address any net position maintained in this fund. This policy should include minimum and maximum net position requirements within this fund, as well as provide guidance on the handling of any excess or deficit balances.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We appreciate the courtesies extended to us by the management and staff of the Town, and would be happy to discuss the above matters further at your request.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council and management of the Town, the Office of Policy and Management, and federal and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Glastonbury, Connecticut

Mahoney Sabol + Coupeny, LLP

December 29, 2015